

Nordic Society of Paediatric Haematology and Oncology

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

Childhood Cancer in the Nordic and Baltic Countries

Report on Epidemiologic and Therapeutic Results from Registries and Working Groups

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Foreword

Dear NOPHO friends and colleagues

On behalf of all of you and the registration team in Stockholm, I am happy to present the NOPHO Annual Report 2022.

NOPHO was formally established in 1984, and I believe that ever since, the members have gathered each year to share their experiences, research results and to do networking – all with the aim of improving treatment outcomes including survival and minimizing the risk of late effects for our patients.

Over the last 26 months we have experienced the danger of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has limited our participation in NOPHO working group meetings as well as international meetings. Arranging working group meetings as Zoom/Teams-meetings have become very popular, and it has proved very useful instead of physical meetings, mainly because we are a society, where we know each other very well.

The Annual Meeting 2022 (the 39th NOPHO Annual meeting) was planned to take place in Kuopio, but the meeting will be virtual because of the uncertainty of the pandemic.

The Annual Report is the result of great dedication among research nurses, doctors, the registration team in Stockholm, our webmaster and everyone involved in paediatric haematology and oncology in the Nordic and Baltic countries.

The efforts for creating a broader international network and treatment protocols are important for movement of the results even more. However, our close collaboration in the Nordic and Baltic countries remains extremely important in maintaining enthusiasm and commitment within the society.

As always, it is a great pleasure and honor for me to work with my Nordic and Baltic colleagues in our joint cause of improving the lives of our patients.

Take care – and see you physically after the COVID-19 crises.

Tromsø, March 24th 2022 Trond Flægstad Secretary General

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NOPHO Board

| W 1 2021 W 2022 | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Members 2021 - May 2022 | | |
| Secretary- | | 1 1 2 2 2 2 |
| -general | Trond Flaegstad | elected 2020 |
| -elect | Mats Heyman | elected 2020 |
| | | |
| Treasurer | Mathias Rathe | elected 2019 |
| | | |
| Auditors of accounts | Gustaf Ljungman | elected 2005 |
| | Peder Skov Wehner | elected 2019 |
| | | |
| Stand in auditor of accounts | Svein Kolmannskog | elected 2005 |
| | | |
| Denmark | Bodil Als-Nielsen | elected 2018 |
| | Mathias Rathe | elected 2019 |
| | Yasmin Lassen (radiotherapy) | elected 2018 |
| | | |
| Estonia | Sirje Mikkel | elected 2021 |
| | | |
| Finland | Mikko Arola | elected 2017 |
| | Hanna Juntti | elected 2020 |
| | | |
| Iceland | Ólafur Gísli Jónsson | elected 2000 |
| | Sólveig Hafsteinsdóttir | elected 2013 |
| | | |
| Latvia | Anna Valaine | elected 2022 |
| | | |
| Lithuania | Rolanda Nemaniene | elected 2019 |
| | Igne Kairiené | elected 2020 |
| | | |
| Norway | Anne Grete Bechensteen | elected 2017 |
| • | Tove Nystad | elected 2017 |
| | | |
| Sweden | Helena Mörse | elected 2018 |
| | Tony Frisk | elected 2019 |
| | | |
| Pediatric surgery | Jakob Stenman | elected 2019 |
| | J | |
| Young NOPHO | Simon Kranz | elected 2020 |
| 2031161120 | Canon Tituib | 2020 |
| | | |

NOPHO Webmaster and NOPHO Secretariat

NOPHO Webmaster Elisabeth Jensen-Broby Heldrup

Simply Web Sallerup 5010 SE-24193 Eslöv

Sweden

Tel: + 46 413 55 56 50 Mobile: + 46 705 18 70 34 elisabeth.broby@simplyweb.se

NOPHO Secretariat Jenny Juhlin/Mats Heyman

Karolinska Institutet

Department of Women's and Children's Health

Childhood Cancer Research Unit

Tomtebodavägen 18 A SE-17177 Stockholm

Sweden

jenny.juhlin@ki.se mats.heyman@ki.se

NOPHO Website

During the year, there has been continuously ongoing updates of the basic functions such as support for Working groups, Minutes, Treatment Protocols, Board meetings, General assembly, NOPHO scientific studies, Education, Emergencies guidelines, Young NOPHO, Annual Reports from working groups, Working group Request, Notice Board, Ballots, Abstracts systems, Meetings & Conferences and Jobs in pediatric oncology within the member countries.

Web pages has been created for the NOPHO Annual Meeting in Kuopio 2022 with all information about the event. The webmaster has always a close collaboration with the organizers and provide ongoing support to the organizers and the congress secretariat.

Member messages have been sent out with information about security measures and "to do yourself" call to members for protecting themselves against IT intrusions.

During the year, the webmaster also offers ongoing support to the Secretary-General and to the Board.

The NOPHO Website is under constant development adapted to the user's needs.

To meet future challenges a new NOPHO website is under construction. In parallel with the maintenance of the basic functions of the existing NOPHO web, intense work is going on in addition to create and implement the entire NOPHO web to a new and more secure and modern web platform.

Under 2021 the web solution has been established and is under testing for functionality. A part of our strategy is to continue to simplify the administration and management of this large website with modern updated tools that are available today. The new website solution adapts to rules approved within the NOPHO organization.

The webmaster does the work together with an external consultant. We secure a uniform design, prioritizations, structure and navigation of the entire website. We have created a clear interface with a simplified viewing also between the Open area and the Member-login part, so the NOPHO members easily and quickly can find what they are looking for.

The new IT platform and structure is configured. All the files from the latest 5 year from the 40 Working groups, Bord, General assembly has been posted on the new NOPHO website. New functions are being developed such as an economic system for the NOPHO Secretariat.

The new NOPHO website will at the beginning run parallel with our actual NOPHO website for a period so the members could get a chance to get accustomed with it.

Integration and transferring member database information is ongoing and also preparing of the coming release.

Elisabeth Broby NOPHO-webmaster

NOPHO Scientific Committee

Members 2021-2022

SwedenAnna NilssonDenmarkBodil Als-NielsenEstoniaLenne-Triin KõrgveeFinlandMatti Korhonen

Iceland Ragnar Bjarnason (stepping down 2022, no substitution at the moment)

LithuaniaSonata TrakymieneNorwayMaria Winther GunnesYoung NOPHONikolas Herold (chair)

Latvia No representative

The deadline for applications for NOPHO studies is about 2 months before each NOPHO board meeting (but can be adjusted if circumstances require), often just following the LL-Biology group meeting as many of the applications often also require to be presented at that meeting. For the spring autumn 2021 term, 5 new applications were submitted of which 2 were accepted and 3 have been given the possibility to re-submit a revised proposal. For the autumn spring 2022 term, 1 new application and 2 amendments for previously accepted studies were submitted and are currently evaluated. All newly and previously accepted NOPHO projects from 2008 onwards can be seen at https://www.nopho.org/member_pages/member_area/science/nopho_sc_study_db/Archive/Default.aspx.

Projects were uploaded using the platform: https://manuscriptmanager.net/nopho. The applications are sent to all members of the Scientific Committee, as well as to relevant external reviewers (i.e. non-members of the SciCom) with the appropriate competence and/or position within NOPHO. For each application term, the scientific committee has held a 1-2 hour telephone conference some weeks after the application deadline, where the applications have been thoroughly discussed before evaluation notes were subsequently drafted, and circulated to the NOPHO Board to make a final decision on the applications.

Four candidates have been nominated for the 2022 NOPHO Lecturer prize were discussed. All candidates were discussed, ranked and presented to the NOPHO board, that makes the final decision for NOPHO Lecturer.

Stockholm, March 23rd, 2022. Nikolas Herold, on behalf of the SciCom of NOPHO

Participating clinics/institutions/physicians

Through the years, many colleagues in NOPHO have been involved in treating and reporting of childhood cancer. The main contributors are listed below:

| Denmark | Copenhagen | Kjeld Schmiegelow, Karsten Nysom, Birgitte Lausen, Astrid Sehested, Marianne Ifversen, Lisa Hjalgrim, Jesper Brok, Rene Mathiasen, Bodil Als-Nielsen, Marianne Hoffmann, Mimi Kjærsgaard, Katja Harder, Ruta Tuckuviene, Sascha Wiik Michelsen, Raheel Altaf Raja, Peter Erik Lotko Pontoppidan |
|---------|------------|---|
| | Odense | Peder Skov Wehner, Eckhard Schomerus, Niels Fisker, Michael Callesen, Mathias Rathe, Dorthe Grosen, Sine Lykkedegn |
| | Aarhus | Henrik Hasle, Birgitte Klug Albertsen, Torben Mikkelsen, Pernille Edslev Wendtland, Karin Bækgaard Nissen, Ines Kristensen, Torjus Skajaa, Louise Lindholdt Hansen, Louise Tram Henriksen |
| | Aalborg | Steen Rosthøj, Christina Friis Jensen, Marianne Olsen |
| Estonia | Tallinn | Kristi Lepik, Kadri Saks, Maarja Karu, Geerda Ainsoo, Irina Kerna, Keiu Paapsi, Kati Mädo |
| | Tartu | Sirje Mikkel, Lenne-Triin Kõrgvee, Ain Kaare, Pille Tammur |
| Finland | Helsinki | Mervi Taskinen, Kim Vettenranta, Pasi Huttunen, Jukka Kanerva, Kirsi Jahnukainen, Virve Pentikäinen, Minna Koskenvuo, Samppa Ryhänen, Helena Olkinuora, Satu Långström, Pauliina Utriainen, Adam Alexandersson, Anu Suominen, Antti Kyrönlahti, Heljä Lång |
| | Turku | Päivi Lähteenmäki, Marika Grönroos, Anu Huurre, Laura Korhonen, Linnea Schuez-Havupalo, Liisa Järvelä, Riikka Kuvaja |
| | Oulu | Riitta Niinimäki, Hanna Juntti, Anne Hekkala, Elli-Maija Ukonmaanaho, Henri Aarnivala |
| | Tampere | Olli Lohi, Susanna Vuorenoja, Päivi Raittinen, Sauli Palmu, Niina Valtanen, Kristiina Nordfors |
| | Kuopio | Kaisa Vepsäläinen, Jouni Pesola, Tuuli Pöyhönen, Stefan Becker, Emmi Danner |
| Iceland | Reykjavik | Ólafur G. Jónsson, Halldóra K. Thórarinsdóttir, Sólveig Hafsteinsdóttir, Ragnar Bjarnason, Jón Jóhannes Jónsson |
| Latvia | Riga | Anna Valaine, Žanna Kovaļova, Santa Kursīte, Marika Grūtupa, Elizabete Cebura, Zelma Višņevska-Preciniece, Gunita Medne, Irina Voitoviča |

Lithuania Kaunas Giedre Rutkauskiene, Rosita Kiudeliene, Egle Ramanauskiene,

Sonata Argustaite, Justina Klimaite, Ruta Radaviciute, Eglė

Bindokaitė, Mantas Simutis

Vilnius Jelena Rascon, Goda Vaitkevičienė, Gražina Kleinotienė,

Audronė Mulevičienė, Indrė Tamulienė, Ramunė Pasaulienė, Rolanda Nemanienė, Sigita Stankevičienė, Sonata Šaulytė Trakymienė, Vilma Rutkauskaitė, Ignė Kairienė, Edita Rutkauskienė,

Monika Kapitančiukė

Norway Oslo Anne Grete Bechensteen, Ellen Ruud, Heidi Glosli, Bernward

Zeller, Inga Maria Johannsdottir, Einar Stensvold,

Jochen Büchner, Monica Cheng Munthe-Kaas, Aina Ulvmoen, Charlotte Alme, Marta Burman, Kirsten Jarvis, Ida Knapstad, Tale Torjussen, Christina Elisabeth Bjerring Opheim, Anne Gro

Wesenberg Rognlien, Ingvild Heier, Anne Vestli

Trondheim Bendik Lund, Ann Elisabeth Åsberg, Svein Kolmannsskog,

Erling Moe, Kristin Solem, Magnus Aassved Hjort

Bergen Maria W Gunnes, Dorota Malgorzata Wojcik, Anita Andrejeva,

Ingrid Kristin Torsvik, Ingvild B Setså, Christian M Thaulow

Tromsø Tore Stokland, Trond Flaegstad, Niklas Stabell, Tove Nystad,

Simon Kranz, Ole Mikal Wormdal

Sweden Stockholm, Solna Pernilla Grillner, Anna Nilsson, Cecilia Petersen, Mats Heyman,

Stefan Söderhäll, Niklas Pal, Klas Blomgren, Stefan Holm, Johan Malmros, Per Kogner, Jonas Karlén, Jan-Inge Henter, Ingrid Öra, Petter Svenberg, Karin Belander Strålin, Trausti Óskarsson, Tatiana Greenwood, Fredrik Bäcklund, Susanna Ranta, Tony Frisk, Tomas Bexelius, Christina Egnell, Johan Hamrin, Nina Mogensen, Mari Wilhelmsson, Clary Georgantzi, Karin Henning, Lena-Maria Carlson, Lovisa Malmqvist, Hans

Henningsson, Nikolas Herold

Stockholm, Huddinge Mikael Sundin, Jacek Winiarski, Peter Priftakis, Kim Ramme,

Petra Byström, Gauti Rafn Vilbergsson, Susan Farmand

Lund Anders Castor, Lars Hjorth, Helena Mörse, Kees-Jan Pronk,

Dominik Turkiewicz, Ingrid Öra, Ulf Tedgård, Annika Mårtensson, Marie Eliasson Hofvander, Johan Svahn, Patrik Romerius, Joakim Wille, Ladislav Krol, Joana Makari, Nadine Gretenkort Andersson, Anna Sällfors Holmqvist, Charlotte

Ragnarsson, Gustav Andersson Sundén

Uppsala Josefine Palle, Britt-Marie Frost, Gustaf Ljungman, Johan

Arvidson, Per Frisk, Åke Jakobson, Anders Öberg, Annika Englund, Natalja Jackmann, Britt Gustafsson, Tania Christoforaki, Arja Harila-Saari, Mia Giertz, Gustaf Leijonhufvud,

Geraldine Giraud

Gothenburg Karin Mellgren, Jonas Abrahamsson, Gustaf Österlundh,

Marianne Jarfelt, Magnus Sabel, Magnus Göransson, Cecilia Langenskiöld, Lene Karlsson, Elizabeth Schepke, Lars Kawan, Torben Ek, Cecilia Petersen, Diana Ljung-Sass, Lisa Mellström, Aron Onerup, Martin Dalin, Jerker Isaksson, Monika Renkiel-

ska, Jonathan Källström

Umeå Ulrika Norén Nyström, Per-Erik Sandström, Caroline

Björklund, Magnus Borssén, Frans Nilsson, Fredrik Bäckström

Linköping Mikael Behrendtz, Per Nyman, Hartmut Vogt, Lisa Törnudd,

Oskar Lundgren, Elham Dadfar, Viktor Säll

The Leukemia Registry Mats Heyman

Karolinska Institutet

Dept. of Women's and Children's Health

Childhood Cancer Research Unit

Tomtebodavägen 18 A SE-17177 Stockholm

Sweden

Solid and Brain Tumour Working Groups

Solid Tumour Committee

Chair Tove Nystad 2021-2023

Denmark Jesper Brok 2019

Mathias Rathe 2020

Lars Rasmussen 2020 (pediatric surgery)

Karin Bækgaard Nissen 2018

Lisa Hjalgrim 2016 (ST-registry repr.)

Estonia Kadri Saks 2021

Maarja Karu 2021 (Young NOPHO)

Finland Hanna Juntti 2016

Jukka Kanerva 2016 Sauli Palmu 2021

Päivi Lähteenmäki 2016 (ST-registry repr.)

Iceland Halldora Thorarinsdottir 2016

Solveig Hafsteinsdottir 2016 Ólafur G. Jónsson 2016

Latvia Marika Grūtupa 2021

Zelma Višņevska 2021

Lithuania Giedre Rutkauskiene 2016

Indre Tamuliene 2016 Rolanda Nemaniene 2016

Norway Maria W Gunnes 2021 (KSSB)

Dorota Wojcik 2017 Tove Nystad 2016

Sweden Patrik Romerius 2020

Lisa Törnudd 2020 Caroline Björklund 2020

STC goals:

- STC is a forum for clinical and strategic discussions.
- STC is a forum to form ad hoc WGs for upcoming protocols or other burning issues.
- STC works side by side with the NOPHO Solid tumour registry group.
- STC creates consultation networks within NOPHO for discussion of difficult cases
- STC publishes on NOPHO web an updated list of treatment protocols open/used in NOPHO countries
- In the sarcoma field STC collaborates with the Scandinavian sarcoma group (SSG)
- NOPHO countries do not have to join the same international protocols, but if there is consensus, it is possible with NOPHO representatives. Currently, Jesper Brok is representing NOPHO in the UMBRELLA consortium and Jukka Kanerva in the rEECur protocol.
- At least yearly meetings, generally two per year with one meeting at the annual meeting and another one in parallel to the LCC and BTC meetings.

• It is important to have own studies within the group and studies connected to the registry. Currently this includes the NOPHO-CARE project, Lutetium neuroblastoma study and plans for protocol for extracranial germ cell tumours.

All Nordic countries have appointed three formal representatives that form the back-bone of the STC, but it has been decided to have an open attitude and invite all those with a special interest in the area to participate and contribute. In addition, it has been decided that it would be valuable to have members from other disciplines such as radiotherapy, paediatric surgery, pathology, genetics, radiology, etc. involved in the group to mimic the situation in the tumour board as the solid tumour work indeed is multidisciplinary. STC will increase its collaboration with the NOPHO RT WG.

STC has a mailing list of approximately 84 individuals for networking.

The chair nominated by the national groups rotating between the NOPHO countries in a fashion similar to that in other groups. The term for the chair is two years. Next chair should be from Denmark but postpone a year. Norway takes the position. At the virtual meeting in November 2021, the decision was made. Tove Nystad from Norway is the new chair.

We have included 4 new members from Estonia and Latvia at the November meeting.

During the past year, the STC has had two virtual meetings: one in May and one in November.

At the May meeting we had an update of BENCHISTA project: a international benchmarking of childhood cancer survival by tumour stage, update of the NOPHO-CARE project, data imported in NOPHO-care RedCap Database form Sweden and Finland, update of CWS status (new registry SoTI-SAR), CWS guidance 2,0 coming (will take time), updates of Ewing protocol status in Europe, 2 protocols in preparation: iEuroEwing and Inter-Ewing 1, update of the Lutetium neuroblastoma study, open in Norway and Denmark, NOPHOmatch (project aiming at matching patients with early phase trials), update of new Phase 1-2 trials, closed trials: BEACON, epizyme tazemetostat and OMS trial with rituximab, update of osteosarcoma collaboration, European consortium on osteosarcoma to be established (very early stage, no funding, no trial yet), status of GCT collaboration, goal to have co-operation with the British group. Responsible individuals for emergency guidelines, find a suitable person in Denmark, and update on treatment protocols on NOPHO web.

At the November meeting we had an update of New phase 1-2 trials, status Europeans osteosarcoma collaboration, consortium: FOSTER Fight Osteosarcoma Through European, 19 countries participate, 8 work packages, update of GCT collaboration, collaboration with UK, negotiations of possibilities to include NOPHO countries in international/UK trials, NOPHO members to UK National advisory panel, Information about inflammatory myofibroblastic tumours and ALKi in NOPHO area, proposal for cases series from NOPHO area, representatives from each country are encouraged to inform of suitable cases, update of NOPHO solid course in Oslo in March 2022. Update NOPHO care, Swedish and Finnish data imported, Denmark and Norway joining. Update NOPHO study day, discussion with legal experts regarding of transferring data gathered from NOPHO leukaemia study protocol internationally. Päivi Lähteenmäki was chosen to represent STC in the group.

During the next year, we will have a meeting during the virtual Kuopio annual meeting in May (6th of May at 09.00-12.00 CET) and a possible face to face meeting in November combined with the NOPHO Board meeting.

Tromsø 27 March 2022 Tove Nystad

Brain Tumour Committee

Brain Tumour Committee

Coordinator Virve Pentikäinen (FI) until May 2022, Clary Georgantzi (SE) will continue since Annual

Meeting 2022

Denmark René Mathiassen, Ines Kristensen, Michael Callesen, David Scheie (neuropathologist) **Finland** Virve Pentikäinen, Anne Hekkala, Satu Långström, Mia Westerholm-Ormio (neurologist)

Estonia Lenne-Triin Kõrgvee Iceland Halldora Thorarinsdottir

Latvia Zhanna Kovalova, Elizabete CeburaLithuania Rosita Kiudeliene, Giedre Rutkauskiene

Norway Ingrid Kristin Torsvik, Magnus Hjort, Petter Brandal (radiotherapist)
Sweden Magnus Sabel, Stefan Holm, Per Nyman, Christoffer Ehrstedt

Young NOPHO Kristiina Nordfors (FI), Elli-Maija Ukonmaanaho (FI), Geraldine Giraud (SE)

NOPHO Solid Tumor Registry Mats Heyman

Change of members:

Lenne-Triin Kõrgvee (ES), Magnus Hjort (NO) and Anders Öberg (SE) joined as new members. Mikko Arola (FI), Bengt Gustavsson, Kadri Saks (ES) and Kristin Solem (NO) stepped down, and the group warmly thanks them for collaboration.

Brain Tumour Network

NOPHO Brain Tumour Network is a group open to any NOPHO member working with pediatric brain tumors. Brain Tumour Committee meetings are open to Network members.

Collaboration with SIOPE Brain Tumor Group

The SIOPE brain tumor group works towards international cooperative protocols and registries to improve treatment of pediatric brain tumour patients. The NOPHO Brain tumor group participates in this work through encouraging NOPHO countries to join SIOPE protocols and through NOPHO representatives in disease specific working groups. National protocol coordinators from each participating country are also members of the corresponding SIOPE working groups.

SIOPE Brain tumor working group members from NOPHO:

<u>CNS Embryonal Tumors (formerly Medulloblastoma/PNET):</u> Magnus Sabel, Elizabeth Schepke (SE), Anne Vestli, Einar Stensvold (NO), Astrid Sehested (DK), Virve Pentikäinen, Mia Westerholm-Ormio (FI)

Low Grade Glioma: Astrid Sehested (chair), Kamilla Rothe Nissen (opthalmologist) (DK), Tore Stokland, Ole Mikal Wormdal (NO), Pernilla Grillner (SE), Päivi Lähteenmäki, Tuire Lähdesmäki (FI) High Grade Glioma/DIPG: Stefan Holm, Klas Blomgren (SE), Karsten Nysom (DK), Ingrid Kristin Torsvik (NO), Virve Pentikäinen (FI)

<u>Ependymoma:</u> Ingrid Kristin Torsvik (NO), Helena Morse (SE), Ines Kristensen (DK), Satu Långström (FI)

<u>CNS Germ cell tumors:</u> Astrid Sehested (DK), Magnus Hjort (NO), Anders Öberg (SE), Anne Hekkala (FI)

<u>Craniopharyngioma:</u> René Mathiassen (DK), Pelle Nilsson (neurosurgeon, SE), Tore Stokland (NO), Atte Karppinen (neurosurgeon, FI)

AT/RT: Karsten Nysom (DK), Clary Georgantzi (SE), Satu Långström (FI), Aina Ulvmoen (NO), Anne Grethe Bechensteen (NO)

Quality of Survival: Christoffer Ehrstedt (SE)

Radiotherapy: Malin Blomstrand (SE), Henriette Magelssen (NO), Yasmin Lassen (DK)

CNS Tumor molecular classification and related germ line testing

The WHO 2016 and the most recent WHO 2021 classifications of the central nervous system tumors reclassify the major histological brain tumor diagnoses and uses molecular parameters in addition to histology to define tumor entities. Molecular classification has a major impact on prognosis and treatment of pediatric brain tumors and is required in new international brain tumor treatment protocols. This defines a need for feasible and rapid molecular diagnostic methods. These are well available in NOPHO area. Centralization of certain analyses such as 850K methylation array allows sufficient sample numbers for cost-effective and rapid turnover.

Moreover, identification of cancer predisposing alterations in germ line is becoming increasingly important and also mandatory in many brain tumor protocols. This means that genetic counselling has to be easily available when these alterations are found.

Pediatric brain tumor protocols in NOPHO

In the beginning of 2022, two phase III protocols are open in NOPHO area: SIOP PNET5 medullo-blastoma in Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden, and Ependymoma II in Finland, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. LOGGIC Core (bioclinical database with full molecular analysis for newly diagnosed pLGG) is open in Denmark and Norway and planned to be opened in Finland and Sweden. In addition, several relapse and phase I-II protocols are open, and several protocols will be opened.

Medulloblastoma

There are four SIOPE protocols for medulloblastoma. All of them include risk stratification based on tumor biology and use the same methods for molecular diagnosis.

SIOP PNET5 MB protocol is for low-risk (LR) and standard-risk (SR) medulloblastoma patients aged 3 (-5) - 22 years. The main study questions are about 1) lowering the intensity of therapy for LR patients to decrease the late effects while maintaining the excellent survival rate and 2) randomising concomitant carboplatin during radiotherapy for SR patients to increase the effectiveness of the treatment. The amendment version 12 of the protocol contains more profound molecular subgrouping and germ line preinclusion testing for certain cancer predisposing syndromes. In addition, new patient groups are included. The most recent amendment of the protocol is version 13, in which the order of chemotherapy cycles has been changed to minimize the risk of PRES (posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome), the recruitment period of the trial has been extended until June 2022 and the length of the whole trial has been extended until summer 2026.

Interim analyses of the LR and SR groups show that the benefit risk relation of the trial remains unchanged since the approval of the trial.

All participating countries, including participating NOPHO countries Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden, have opened protocol version 13 by the beginning of 2022.

SIOP HR-MB protocol is for clinical high risk (HR) medulloblastoma patients with non-WNT tumor biology, aged 3 (- 5) - 22 years. The main aim is to find out if any of the strategies used for HR medulloblastoma offers a survival advantage and to compare toxicities. The protocol includes randomization to HART (hyperfractionated accelerated radiotherapy, twice daily), which led to concern regarding twice daily anesthesia in small children if randomized to HART. The conclusion is that each participating country may decide whether children needing anesthesia will be included. In NOPHO, Denmark and Norway will not include, Sweden will include these patients, and Finland will go according to Essen proton centre as youngest Finnish medulloblastoma patients receive craniospinal proton therapy in Essen.

The HR-MB protocol is open in UK since spring 2021. Submission process is ongoing in other countries.

SIOP YCMB-LR (low risk) protocol is for young children (YC) <3-5 years with SHH activated meduloblastoma. It is a common trial of SIOPE and HeadStart – groups. The protocol includes randomization to HeadStart chemotherapy with high dose chemotherapy and autologous stem cell

rescue or HIT-SKK therapy with intraventricular methotrexate (i.e., two regimens with equal superior survival rates). Main end point is neurological outcome. The protocol has approved central funding (including some mandatory diagnostic methods such as 850K methylation array for all recruited patients) and national funding applications are requested now. Planned submission in each participating country is during 2022 and planned duration of the trial is 2023 – 2029. Denmark, Finland and Sweden will participate.

<u>SIOP YCMB – HR</u> (high risk) protocol is for infant non-SHH medulloblastoma. The protocol will include induction chemotherapy, randomization between two different high dose regimens, craniospinal radiotherapy for patients who are not in complete remission after induction therapy. The trial design is still under work.

Atypical teratoid rhabdoid tumour (AT/RT)

<u>European Rhabdoid Registry (EU-RHAB)</u> contains a registry and current treatment recommendations. We continue to recommend that patients are discussed with Michael Frühwald in Augsburg, who coordinates the registry.

SIOPE ATRT01 is a European protocol for 0-18 y patients with AT/RT. The main question is can 18-35 months of age patients with non-metastatic and non-progressive AT/RT be treated without radiotherapy. The protocol has been funded and opened in Germany. Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden will open the protocol.

Ependymoma

SIOP Ependymoma II protocol is open in several European countries including Finland, Denmark and Norway. This protocol has three different strata (risk categories) with separate randomisations in each strata. It does not contain novel therapies apart from valproic acid as HDAC-inhibitor and does not require tumour biology testing for risk stratification. However, it is highly recommended to send biological samples to BIOMECA core laboratories for additional biological study, which is an essential part of the trial.

Low Grade Glioma (LGG)

LOGGIC Core trial is a bioclinical databank for all newly diagnosed LGG patients. It includes blioclinical database with mandatory first level molecular investigations of the tumor biopsy (methylation array and basic molecular changes) as well as submission of frozen tumor tissue to second level central tumor assessment in Heidelberg. It is necessary to get LOGGIC Core up and running to be able to participate in LOGGIC trial. LOGGIC Core is now open in Denmark and Norway, and opening process is ongoing in Finland and Sweden.

LOGGIC trial is for LGG patients with non-NF1 LGG gr I-II and indication to treat. There is randomisation between treatment with standard vincristine-carboplatin or vinblastine monotherapy or MEK inhibitor. In addition to PFS as defined by MRI imaging, visual and neurological outcome will be included as primary outcome measures. Start of the trial has been delayed because there is delay on the experimental drug side. LOGGIC will be opened in Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden.

Until opening of the LOGGIC trial, the recommended standard treatment for LGG is vincristine – carboplatin according to SIOP-LGG 2004 protocol, which was closed for randomisation in 2013.

LGG patients with BRAFV600E mutation in their tumor are excluded from LOGGIC. Until 2nd December 2020, such patients could be enrolled into a separate, industry-sponsored **trial for BRAFV600E positive LGG** including randomisation between standard vincristine - carboplatin and targeted dabrafenib – trametinib (BRAF inhibitor – MEK inhibitor/Novartis) treatment. Until the results of the trial randomization are known, the NOPHO CNS tumour group will suggest a standard therapy for such patients.

NF1 LGG trial has been developed as a SIOP - COG cooperation. It offers first line therapy for patients with neurofibromatosis 1 and LGG and includes 2:1 randomization between selumetinib (MEK inhibitor /AstraZeneca) and vincristine – carboplatin. The trial is open in US (ACNS1831) since 2020. The company has decided to support European trial, which will go through Birmingham CTU.

High grade glioma (HGG) and diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma (DIPG)

SIOPE Infant HGG protocol was agreed but did not get enough funding. Infant HGG is a biological disease entity that differs from HGG of older children and often has favorable prognosis. The proposed SIOPE protocol offers a treatment recommendation for infant HGG.

DIPG registry developed by the SIOPE DIPG network was published in January 2017 and is ready for use in each participating country after approval of national authorities. It has been submitted in Norway, and submission is planned in Sweden, Denmark and Finland. Issues regarding registry related laws have postponed progress of the submission process.

BIOMEDE (Biological Medicine for DIPG eradication, Gustave Roussy, France) is originally a protocol for H3K27M positive pontine gliomas, which was amended to include all H3 K27M-mutant diffuse midline gliomas. There was a tumor biology dependent randomization for targeted medication combined with radiation therapy until randomisation was paused and recruitment continued as single arm study (everolimus combined with radiotherapy). The protocol is closed. **BIOMEDE2.0** protocol will include randomization between everolimus and a novel drug ONC201, combined with standard radiotherapy. All patients with H3K27M – mutant diffuse midline gliomas without upper age limit can be included. Opening of the trial was delayed, because company that produced ONC201 was bought by another company. The protocol is now being evaluated by the French authorities. In NOPHO, it is planned to be opened at least in Copenhagen, Stockholm and Helsinki. Awaiting BIOMEDE2.0, several countries recommend radiotherapy combined with sirolimus (sirolimus is considered biologically equivalent to everolimus, but much cheaper).

Other HGGs: There is no open protocol for newly diagnosed HGG patients at the moment. Recommendation of the SIOPE HGG group is under preparation. Until publication of the SIOPE HGG group recommendation the consensus for postoperative treatment of new HGG patient (other than midline H3K27M mutated glioma or infant HGG) in Europe is still radiation therapy combined with temozolomide, with possible combination of lomustine (Neuro-Oncology 18(10), 1442–1450, 2016, doi:10.1093/neuonc/now038). Molecular workup is highly recommended.

CNS Germ Cell tumors (GCT)

SIOP CNS GCT II trial was closed in June 2018 and there is no open protocol for this patient group at the moment. During the interim phase between protocols, the UK group previously recommended to keep chemotherapy unchanged and, regarding radiotherapy, boost pure germinomas also in cases of complete remission until outcome reports from the trial are available. They are now changing their practise as outcome of patients in complete remission after chemotherapy without boosting has been good. There will be a SIOPE + COG consensus conference on the criteria for complete remission, which will be needed for decision of this matter.

Early phase protocols

Regarding possible experimental therapies in NOPHO, the file"**NOPHO novel therapy trials overview**" can be found on <a href="www.nopho.org.under" Protocols" and is updated by Karsten Nysom continuously.

Current early phase protocols for brain tumors:

- Roche GO42286 alectinib = second generation ALKi for intra and extracranial tumors with ALK fusion (Copenhagen)
- Y-mAbs 301 ¹⁷⁷Lu-DTPA-omburtamab for relapsed or refractory medulloblastoma; radioimmunotherapy via Ommaya, phase 1 (Copenhagen)
- INCB 84344-102 ponatinib for relapsed/refractory childhood cancer (Stockholm)

- AZ Olaparib (PARPi) for relapsed/refractory intra- or extracranial tumors with BRCAness/HRD (Copenhagen)
- MEMMAT: a multidrug antiangiogenic approach for recurrent or progressive medulloblastoma, ependymoma and AT/RT (Copenhagen, all 4 Norwegian centres, all 6 Swedish centres).
- INFORM2 NivEnt: Nivolumab and etinostat (HDACi) for relapsed/refractory tumors with full molecular work-up (Stockholm)
- ITCC-053 CRISP: ALK inhibitor for tumors with ALK, ROS1 or MET aberrations except ALCL (Copenhagen)
- FIREFLY-1: DAY101 for advanced solid tumours with activating BRAF alteration
- KEYNOTE-051: Pembrolizumab (PD1 inhibitor) in relapsed/progressive PD1 positive solid tumors including brain tumors (Lund).
- LOXO-TRK-15003: Larotrectinib for NTRK-fusion positive tumors (Copenhagen, Stockholm).
- TRIDENT-1: Repotrectinib for tumors with NTRK fusions, also if previously treated with other TRKi (Copenhagen).
- Libretto-121: selpercatinib (RETi) for relapsed/refractory tumors with RET aberration (Copenhagen)

Radiotherapy

Protons are increasingly used for radiation therapy in pediatric CNS tumor patients, because radiation exposure of healthy tissues and organs at risk is minimized by proton therapy in many situations. In NOPHO, proton therapy is available in Scandion Clinic/Uppsala and in DCPT Århus. Both centres accept foreign pediatric patients. In Norway, two proton centres are planned within the next years. In addition, Essen proton therapy centre WPE treats patients from other countries, including NOPHO countries. Thus, Nordic pediatric brain tumor patients with indication to proton therapy have a feasible access to proton therapy.

Reirradiation guidelines for several tumors have been updated by the Swedish group. These can be found at the NOPHO webpages.

NOPHO CNS research projects

The Nordic study of Cerebellar Mutism Syndrome (CMS) in children with brain tumours of the posterior fossa is open in Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Norway, Lithuania, Netherlands, UK and Hungary. The protocol and forms are on the NOPHO web site under "Protocols". Patient accrual is going well.

Lithium in the treatment of cognitive late effects after cranial radiotherapy is a study proposed by Klas Blomgren and accepted as a NOPHO study by the NOPHO Scientific committee. Pilot study will be opened in Stockholm and in the future the study is planned to run in cooperation with Institut Gustave Roussy (Paris) and Hospital for Sick Children (Toronto).

DNA methylation classification of newly diagnosed pediatric CNS tumors in NOPHO study is open and running in Gothenburg (PIs Elizabeth Schepke, Magnus Sabel, Birgitta Lannering). This is a Swedish pilot first.

The NOPHO experience with new brain tumor entities diagnosed with molecular profiling has been presented by Torben Mikkelsen/Aarhus and Géraldine Giraud/Uppsala. The trial has been approved by the NOPHO Scientific Committee.

NOPHOmatch is a project for relapsed/refractory pediatric cancers including CNS tumors. Aim is to match these patients to phase 1/2 trials through 1) opening of two large trials for targeted therapies in NOPHO area (ESMART and INFORM2) and 2) establishing weekly Nordic videoconferences. Currently weekly Nordic videoconferences are running and INFORM2 trial is recruiting in Stockholm.

Meetings

Because of Corona pandemic, all pediatric neuro-oncology meetings have been either virtual or hybrid meetings since spring 2020.

NOPHO Brain tumour committee meetings:

BTC virtual (Teams) meetings were held May 7, 2021, and November 10, 2021. The next BTC meeting will be virtual meeting May 6, 2022, in conjunction with the NOPHO Annual meeting.

Other brain tumour meetings:

- SNO (Society of neuro-oncology) 2021 annual meeting November 19-21, 2021 Boston
- SIOPE Brain Tumor Group working group virtual meetings in Embryonal tumor group, High grade glioma group and Low grade glioma group.

Upcoming brain tumour meetings:

- NOPHO Brain tumor group meeting, May 6, 2022 virtual meeting
- SIOPE Brain tumor group 2022 annual meeting, June 11-12, 2022 Hamburg
- ISPNO 2022, June 13-15, 2022 Hamburg
- PaeNNO 2022, September 14-16, 2022 Copenhagen
- NOPHO CNS tumor course, October 24-26, 2022 Gothenburg
- SNO (Society of neuro-oncology) 2022 annual meeting, November 16-20, 2022 Tampa Bay, Florida
- BTB (Barntumörbanken) symposium, December 1-2, 2022 Stockholm

On behalf of the NOPHO Brain Tumor Group,

Virve Pentikäinen Helsinki, April 2nd, 2022.

Solid Tumour Registry (NOPHO-Care Task force)

Chair Päivi Lähteenmäki, PI of NOPHO Care

Denmark Lisa Hjalgrim, 2018

Estonia Kadri Saks, 2021, Keiu Paapsi 2021

Finland Päivi Lähteenmäki, 2013

Iceland Ólafur G. Jónsson

Latvia Marika Grutupa

Lithuania Jelena Rascon, 2020

Norway Maria Gunnes, 2021

Sweden Cecilia Petersen, 2020

CCEG registry group Päivi Lähteenmäki

Young NOPHO Thorgerdur Gudmundsdottir

The Nordic Childhood Solid Tumor Registry (STR) published an analysis of historical solid tumor survival data in the Annual Report of 2016. At that time point, it had become clear that the registration of the patients in practice is only possible to the national quality registries and to specifically defined research project databases (not to be called as registries). Thus, NOPHO decided to design long-term registry-based studies.

After creating the project group and finalizing the protocol, NOPHO-CARE study proposal was accepted by the official processes within NOPHO. The NOPHO-CARE study has the overall goal of analyzing factors of importance for the event-free and overall survival as well as describing the cost of disease (acute toxicity leading to death, late-effects, late appearing second malignancies) of children with leukemia, lymphoma and solid tumors, and specific rare non-malignant hematological disorders (e.g. aplastic anemia, thalassemia major, sickle cell disease, DBA).

The specific aims and structure of the two different parts of the NOPHO-CARE project are described in the NOPHO Annual report published in May 2020. The process of collaboration agreements and data transfer agreements between Karolinska Institute and participating countries is ongoing. CCEG has, in June 2020, taken decision on the database structure and the RedCap-based database is built up, and first data from Sweden and Finland have been imported. Barncancerfonden in Sweden has funded the project. Next steps will be the first batch updates from Norwegian and Danish Cancer registries as well as planning of final processes for direct registration of benign hematology cases from centers outside Sweden. Thus, the NOPHO-CARE Task force looks forward getting the whole project up and running during 2022.

On behalf of the group Päivi Lähteenmäki

Leukaemia Working Groups

Leukemia and Lymphoma Committee

ChairInga Maria JohannsdottirEstoniaKristi Lepik, Maarja Karu

Denmark Peder Skov Wehner, Bodil Elise Thorhauge Als-Nielsen,

Birgitte Klug Albertsen

Finland Mervi Taskinen, Riitta Niinimäki, Päivi Lähteenmäki

Iceland Ólafur G. Jónsson, Sólveig Hafsteinsdóttir

LatviaZanna Kovalova, Anna ValaineLithuaniaRamune Pasauliene, Ignė KairienėNorwayMonica Munthe-Kaas, Magnus Hjort

Sweden Jonas Abrahamsson, Karin Mellgren, Arja Harila-Saari

WG-Chairs

ALL-2008 PI Kjeld Schmiegelow
ALLTogether Mats Heyman
ALL Relapse Petter Svenberg
ALL WG Arja Harila-Saari
Adult-ALL-group Nina Toft

AML Josefine Palle and Kees-Jan Pronk

BiobankHenrik HasleBoard chairTrond FlægstadLeukemia geneticsUlrika Norén Nyström

LL-Biology Linda Fogelstrand and Olli Lohi

Event Group
Infant ALL
Leukemia registration
Lymphoma working group
NOPHO MRD group
Ph-ALL
Arja Harila-Saari
Ulrika Norén Nyström
Päivi Lähteenmäki
Lisa Lyngsie Hjalgrim
Hanne Marquart
Anders Castor

PharmacologyTorben Stamm MikkelsenSCTDominik TurkiewiczYoung NOPHOAdam Alexandersson (FI)

All Nordic countries have appointed 2-3 representatives to the LLC but the number of mail recipients is larger. Also, others with special interest are welcome to join the meetings. The LLC chair is nominated by the national groups rotating between the NOPHO countries. The term for the chair is four years. The next chair will be from Lithuania and will replace the current chair at the annual meeting in 2022.

The LLC meets twice a year in connection with the Board meeting. Both meetings in 2021 were digital (Zoom-meetings) due to the Covid19 situation, the first was on May 7th and the second on November 9th. Minutes and presentations from both meetings can be found on the NOPHO website. The main focus at the meetings has been the follow-up of the Nordic leukemia/lymphoma protocols, the proceedings of ALLTogether and new lymphoma protocols, and the reports of leukemia/lymphoma – related working groups.

These groups report their detailed achievements and efforts under their own sections in this annual report.

According to NOPHO statutes, leukemia- and lymphoma-related NOPHO studies are always evaluated by the LLC before they go to the Board.

There are an increasing number of non-NOPHO initiated studies connected to the new ALLTogether (A2G) protocol. LLC has discussed how to organize these studies within NOPHO and decided that these should be treated like other NOPHO studies with approval from WG -> SciCom -> LLC -> Board.

LLC chair has represented NOPHO at the yearly I-BFM board meetings and since 2019 at the new SIOPE meeting.

The next NOPHO annual meeting will be digital and so will the LLC meeting on May 6th.

Oslo March 2022

Inga Maria Johannsdottir LLC-chair (stepping down)

ALL Working Group and NOPHO ALLTogether Working Group

ALL Working Group Members

Sweden Arja Harila-Saari (chair)

Anders Castor Johan Malmros

Jonas Abrahamsson

Denmark Birgitte Klug Albertsen

Thomas Frandsen

Estonia Mari Punab

Kristi Lepik

Finland Päivi Lähteenmäki

Mervi Taskinen

Iceland Ólafur Gísli Jónsson

Latvia Anna Valaine

Žanna KovaĮova

Lithuania Goda Vaitkeviciene

Norway Inga Maria Rinvoll Johannsdottir

Trond Flægstad Bendik Lund

Young NOPHO Adam Alexandersson

Nikolas Herold

Adult representatives

Denmark Nina Toft, Ulrik Overgaard

Estonia Katrin Palk

FinlandUlla Wartiovaara-KauttoNorwayPetter Quist PaulsenSwedenHelene HallböökLithuaniaLaimonas Griskevicius

Chair of the

Leukemia and Lymphoma committee Inga Maria Rinvoll Johannsdottir

ALL 2008 protocol committee

Event group
Infant ALL
ALL relapse
Ph-ALL/CML
MRD group

Mats Heyman
Kjeld Schmiegelow
Arja Harila-Saari
Ulrika Norén Nyström
Petter Svenberg
Anders Castor
Hanne Marquart

Cytogenetic group Ulrika Norén Nyström, Bertil Johansson

Pharmacology groupTorben Stamm MikkelsenLL-BiologyOlli Lohi, Linda Fogelstrand

ALLTogether Working Group Members

Coordinator Mats Heyman (Sweden, International Chief Investigator)

Denmark Kjeld Schmiegelow

Birgitte Klug Albertsen

Bodil Elise Thorhauge Als-Nielsen

Ulrik Overgaard

Nina Toft

Estonia Kristi Lepik

Mari Punab

Finland Mervi Taskinen

Ulla Wartiovaara-Kautto

Olli Lohi

Päivi Lähteenmäki

Iceland Ólafur Gísli Jónsson

LatviaAnna ValaineLithuaniaGoda Vaitkeviciene

Laimonas Griskevicius

Norway Inga Maria Rinvoll Johansdottir

Hilde Skuterud Wik

Trond Flægstad

Sweden Johan Malmros

Helene Hallböök Arja Harila-Saari Lene Karlsson

NOPHO Representatives in ALLTogether Working Groups/Committees

Cytogenetics Bertil Johansson

MRD Hanne Marquart, Hans O. Madsen

CAR-T Jochen Büchner

Toxicity Jukka Kanerva, Arja Harila-Saari

Asp-TDM Birgitte Klug Albertsen
SCT Marianne Ifversen
Osteonecrosis Riitta Niinimäki

HDM Torben Stam Mikkelsen, Kjeld Schmiegelow

MaintenanceKjeld SchmiegelowCNSMervi TaskinenTrial ManagerKarin Flood

Regulatory Karin Flood, Mats Heyman, Jenny Juhlin **Statistics** Mats Heyman, Matteo Bottai, Ida Hed Myrberg

The group has had two meetings: 4th November with 22 participants and 15th March with 16 participants. Both sessions were arranged via Zoom and held in combination with the NOPHO ALLTogether working group meetings.

The main task of the working group is to coordinate ALL-directed activities within NOPHO and prepare issues for decision by the LLC and the NOPHO board.

International collaborations

The NOPHO-ALL working group is involved in several international collaborations, including I-BFM, the Czech-led project for ALAL (AMBI), and the HARMONY initiative.

For the international I-BFM group ALL-committee ad-hoc T-cell group, Mats Heyman and Kjeld Schmiegelow are the NOPHO representatives. Initial meetings have taken place and the focus is currently on organizing data-sharing for hypothesis-building (clinical, genetic – possibly including research data and MRD). The most reasonable dataset for NOPHO to share would be the NOPHO ALL-2008 dataset. This data-sharing is not primarily aiming at publication, but as working material.

The NOPHO-ALL group is also involved in the international project for patients with ambiguous lineage leukaemia (ALAL), with Ladislav Krol as representative.

For the HARMONY initiative, a pan-European initiative to create a platform of all the data that has already been published by ALL protocol groups, Kjeld Schmiegelow is the NOPHO-ALL representative. In principle, all are in favor of the HARMONY initiative but legal review must be performed from the national perspective to ensure all data-sharing is properly performed.

National parent representation

Briefly, presently parent/patient representatives from Portugal, The Netherlands, Lithuania and Finland have been appointed, but are missing from remaining countries. Parent/patient representatives provided several questions to be discussed in the national groups. Parental representation and parental input on, e.g., the informed consent process and study design, is strongly supported by the NOPHO ALLTogether working group.

A "Terms-of-reference" document has been developed to provide a "job description" to facilitate recruitment. Communication around the findings and ongoing activities to other patients/parents is considered important and it may be beneficial to have multiple representatives covering different competences per country.

Substantial amendment 3 (SA3)

The Voluntary Harmonisation Procedure (VHP) for the clinical trial application has been approved in all NOPHO-countries as well as in most countries in the whole consortium. The most important addition, apart from the confirmation of previous urgent safety measures, is the addition of infants with BCP-ALL and KMT2A germline and all infants with T-cell disease.

As of 8 March 2022, a total of 866 patients have been recruited. A risk-group script is under development, which may aid centers in checking their registration of stratifying parameters. At the moment there is some under-reporting of MRD- and risk-group.

New guidelines for immunological reactions to PEG-Asp have been added. Briefly, Urgent Safety Measure 4 (USM4) was implemented based on observed high toxicity in Consolidation 1; as a result PEG-Asp was removed from Consolidation 1 and re-started in Consolidation 2. The Therapeutic Drug Monitoring (TDM) group has reviewed the result of this change; their results indicate a higher incidence of hypersensitivity reaction (HSR) to PEG-Asp in post-induction than induction, though frequency varied between countries and protocol arms. It is also unclear if the rate of HSR has increased in the 1-2 years (before the start of ALLTogether) – some felt yes, others no. In any case, the change in schedule according to USM4 has yielded a significant increase in HSRs, almost exclusively observed in post-induction phase Consolidation 2 (3rd and 4th dose). This is unlikely to be due to changes in the product and is probably the result of the changes in the protocol and the introduction of an Asp-free interval. The TDM group suggested a short-term plan of action. Regarding intramuscular (IM) administration of Asp: pharmacokinetics indicate peak-level sampling after 1 or 2 days, thus the sampling schedule should be adjusted if IM dosing is used.

Complete registration is crucial for continued evaluation, including both new registration in Castor (premedication administered? Y/N per dose) and complete data entry in RedCap. An update of Castor registration is ongoing, with the aim to have the database in shape for the Progress report and DSMB report in September. General clinical data checks are ongoing and ideally the key variables from the Genetics, MRD, and TDM groups will be delivered before summer.

A new CCEG ALLTogether MRD database is ready and registration will start soon. It is important that registration is carried out by people with MRD-expertise to ensure data quality. In the long-term, logistics for MRD database reporting should be discussed and there is a need to check that the database is regularly updated, perhaps with help from an algorithm helping the data management. The NOPHO MRD group is interested in studying T-ALL flow cytometry vs PCR data for publication, possibly in collaboration with other groups.

Concerns about cost and quality of life due to every-other-day scheduling of Erwinase have been discussed and remain a continued concern.

International collaborations in the NOPHO ALLTogether group

The NOPHO-ALL working group is involved in several international collaborations, including the AIM study (sub-study to ALLTogetherl), the INTERFANT-21 study, and the ELEGANT study.

The AIM study is part of SA3 and has already been accepted by the ALLTogether Scientific Committee and Pharmacology group. Once the substantial amendment 3 is up and running in a country, the AIM study starts in that specific country, unless the country has opted out. In additional to the AIM study, an intervention study based on the AIM study (I-AIM) with both adults and children from Denmark and Norway is also planned, but has not passed the ALLTogether Scientific Committee. The I-AIM study design involves randomization of adults into 2 intervention arms (newly diagnoses vs chronic phase patients with different imatinib dose adjustments) and 1 control arm (no imatinib dose adjustment). For children, it will be observational but imatinib will be adjusted to >1000 ng/ml.

The INTERFANT-21 protocol study requires that for work-up of PCR-based MRD, diagnostic DNA samples are to be sent to Denmark, where they will be analyzed and also further sent to Frankfurt for sequencing (target identification with regard to the genomic KMT2A-rearrangement). If whole genome sequencing identifies the target sequence, this may be used, but the MRD-analysis should be performed in Copenhagen. The INTERFANT-21 protocol is not yet submitted due to ongoing contract negotiations with Amgen (original goal 1 Feb). Estonia will be unable to participate due to lack of resources; Lithuania will participate. The prednisone response will be assessed by morphology (to enable comparison with previous protocols); morphology can be done locally.

The ELEGANT study has received ethical approval in Denmark, but needs approval in all participating countries and the need for regulatory approval needs to be assessed country by country. It is a collaboration among several study consortia and separate from the ALLTogether clinical trial from a regulatory point of view.

There is a proposal for a collaboration between ALLTogether and COG/Janssen to implement a randomized intervention for T-cell patients with high MRD; this proposal is currently in review with the COG scientific committee and is supported by the ALLTogether Protocol Steering Committee (PSC).

International representation and feedback ALLTogether Board

NOPHO representation in the PSC is presently Mervi Taskinen, Kjeld Schmiegelow, and Mats Heyman. A formal decision to nominate two representatives to each of the PSC and ALLTogether Board is planned to be taken in September 2022. The national groups may nominate such candidates.

The ALLTogether annual meeting in Portugal will be in late September, just before the SIOP-meeting.

The next combined ALL-ALLTogether meeting will be on Tuesday, 13th September, and held as a hybrid meeting (Arlanda/Zoom).

Leukemia - ALL Registration Working Group

Coordinator Mats Heyman

Denmark Birgitte Klug Albertsen

Estonia Keiu Papsi
Finland Kim Vettenranta
Iceland Ólafur Gísli Jónsson
Norway Inga María Jóhannsdóttir

Sweden Jonas Abrahamsson, Mats Heyman

Data compilation and analyses

Mats Heyman

Trausti Óskarsson

Infrastructure Childhood Cancer Epidemiology Group (CCEG)

Päivi Lähteenmäki Göran Gustafsson Lili Zheng Shahid Tarar

Nima Behnam Makoi Mats Nordström

Statistics ALLTogether

Matteo Bottai Ida Hed Myrberg Anna Warnqvist

Data Management ALLTogether

Antonio Gonzalez Sanchez

Elisabet Bergsten Alexander Phillips

Data checks Copenhagen (NOPHO ALL-08)

Kjeld Schmiegelow (PI, NOPHO ALL-08)

Thomas Frandsen Louise Rold Helt

Kirsten Kørup Rasmussen

Nina Toft

Introduction

All NOPHO centres, except in Latvia, are now treating their patients according to the ALLTogether protocol and at the time of this report, all these countries are now also recruiting into the main study after an (extended) pilot phase for Estonia, Lithuania and Iceland because of unresolved ethicolegal issues. Latvia is preparing for joining the pilot-study, which has been extended to also include new candidates. For instance, some centres in Spain are planning to join in the autumn of 2022. Most of the focus will then be on the NOPHO ALLTogether patients, but some data on the NOPHO ALL-2008 patients will also be included. Work is ongoing to define this patient cohort down to the last patient.

The NOPHO ALL-2008 patients

From the start of recruitment in 2008 until the end of 2021, 3231 patients have been registered in the NOPHO ALL-2008 registry. Of these 550 patients did not meet the administrative/target group inclusion criteria and the NOPHO ALL-2008 trial inclusion criteria. (**Figure 1**). Age outside the target group, Ph+ALL and Down syndrome have generally been the most common exclusions. In addition, over the last 3 years, during the transition to the ALLTogether trial, a number of patients have been registered partly in the ALL-2008 registry but treated according to the ALLTogether protocol. Some are even registered in the ALL-2008- as well as in the ALLTogether registry (Castor). For this annual report we have tried to identify patients that were truly treated according to the ALL-2008 protocol and reviewed the inclusion criteria for the majority of patients. We included 2681 patients in this part of the report.

Table 1. Patients 1-45 years of age with B-precursor and T-ALL meeting trial criteria and treated according to the NOPHO ALL-2008 protocol.

| Year of diagnosis | Total | Sweden | Denmark | Norway | Finland | Iceland | Estonia | Lithuania |
|-------------------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 2021 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2020 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2019 | 155 | 62 | 5 | 30 | 44 | 1 | 13 | 0 |
| 2018 | 253 | 93 | 39 | 53 | 33 | 3 | 10 | 22 |
| 2017 | 262 | 76 | 50 | 45 | 48 | 9 | 14 | 20 |
| 2016 | 253 | 69 | 48 | 45 | 62 | 5 | 9 | 15 |
| 2015 | 218 | 72 | 36 | 46 | 42 | 1 | 5 | 16 |
| 2014 | 225 | 87 | 31 | 42 | 34 | 3 | 6 | 22 |
| 2013 | 283 | 90 | 66 | 49 | 43 | 2 | 11 | 22 |
| 2012 | 213 | 70 | 45 | 35 | 32 | 1 | 8 | 22 |
| 2011 | 240 | 83 | 50 | 32 | 33 | 3 | 11 | 28 |
| 2010 | 256 | 91 | 53 | 37 | 39 | 3 | 10 | 23 |
| 2009 | 206 | 64 | 40 | 31 | 44 | 3 | 3 | 21 |
| 2008 | 82 | 29 | 16 | 12 | 19 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Total | 2681 | 886 | 479 | 463 | 502 | 35 | 103 | 213 |

As previously reported, the outcomes of patients treated according to NOPHO ALL-2008 are in general very good. The 5-year overall survival (OS) is now 90% (\pm 1%), 93% (\pm 1%) for patients 1-15 years of age and 78% (\pm 2%) for patients 16-45 years of age (**Table 2**). The outcome for patients stratified as Standard Risk has been excellent with 5-year OS of 97% (\pm 1%) but the results from the High-Risk Chemo arm are disappointing with 5-year OS of only 73% (\pm 3%), worse than the patients stratified to the High-Risk HSCT-arm (OS 76% \pm 3%) and an even larger difference when only patients <16 are included (5-year OS 74% \pm 3% and 84% \pm 4% respectively). This emphasizes the urgent need for novel therapies for this risk group.

Figure 1. NOPHO ALL-2008 trial enrolment and exclusions

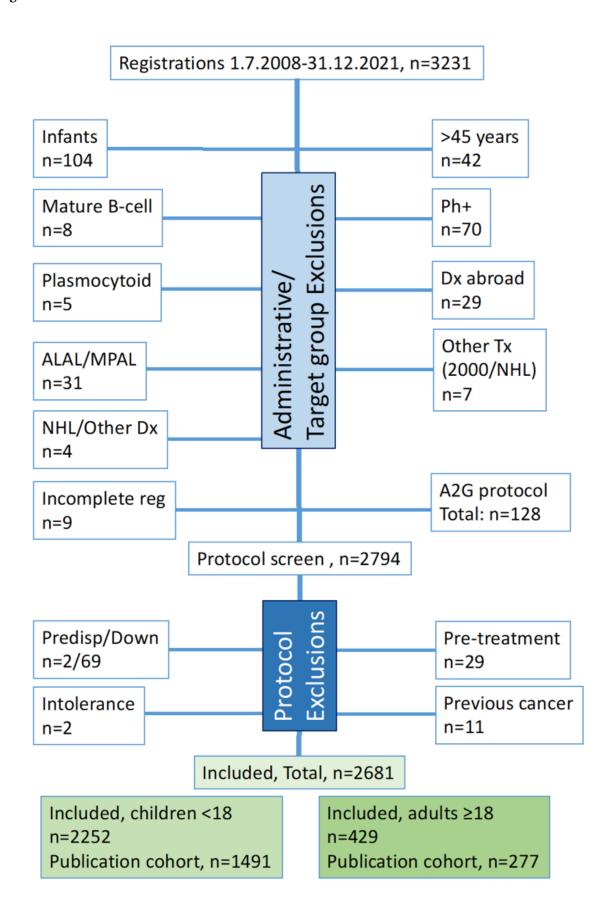


Table 2. Events and outcome NOPHO ALL-2008 – all patients.

| Event | Age 1-15 n=2144 | | Age 16-24 n=294 | Age 25-45 n=243 | Total n=2681 |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Non-responders | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Death in induction | 16 (0.7) | | 2 (0.7) | 3 (1.2) | 21 (0.8) |
| CR1-reached | 2128 | | 292 | 240 | 2660 |
| Remission % | 99 | .3 | 99.3 | 98.8 | 99.2 |
| CR1, no RG d29* | 3 | } | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Final risk | SR | IR | HR-chemo | HR-HSCT | CR1-reached |
| stratification | n=1207 | n=937 | n=322 | n=191 | n=2660* |
| | (n=1092)** | (n=722)** | (n=212)** | (n=99)** | (n=2128)** |
| Death in CR1 | 12 (10) | 23 (15) | 29 (20) | 15 (7) | 79 (52) |
| Relapses | 79 (59) | 121 (73) | 71 (44) | 38 (14) | 312(193)* |
| isolBM (iBM) | 39 (26) | 62 (34) | 49 (31) | 28 (12) | 181 (106)* |
| isolCNS (iCNS) | 16 (15) | 22 (16) | 9 (5) | 0 (0) | 47 (36) |
| Testis | 3 (1) | 2 (0) | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 6 (2) |
| BM+CNS | 13 (9) | 22 (18) | 7 (5) | 2 (1) | 44 (33) |
| BM+testis | 4 (4) | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 5 (5) |
| BM+CNS+testis | 2 (2) | 2 (2) | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 5 (5) |
| BM+Other site | 3 (2) | 4 (2) | 0 (0) | 3 (1) | 10 (5) |
| Other site | 0 (0) | 6 (0) | 4 (1) | 4 (0) | 14 (1) |
| SMN | 11(10) | 2 (2) | 4 (2) | 0 (0) | 17 (14) |
| MDS | 4 (3) | 0 (0) | 1 (0) | 0 (0) | 5 (3) |
| AML | 3 (3) | 1 (1) | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 5 (5) |
| Other | 4 (4) | 1 (1) | 1 (0) | 0 (0) | 6 (5) |
| Unknown | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 1 (1) |
| All events | 102 (79) | 146 (90) | 104 (66) | 53 (21) | 408 (259)* |
| CCR number | 1105 (1013) | 791 (632) | 218 (146) | 138 (78) | 2252 (1869)* |
| CCR % | 91.5 (92.8) | 84.4 (87.5) | 67.7 (68.9) | 72.3 (78.8) | 84.7 (87.8)* |
| pDFS (60 mo) all | 0.93 (0.01) | 0.86 (0.01) | 0.75 (0.03) | 0.75 (0.04) | 0.87 (0.01) |
| pDFS (60 mo) <16 | 0.94 (0.01) | 0.89 (0.01) | 0.77 (0.03) | 0.83 (0.04) | 0.90 (0.01) |
| pDFS (60 mo) ≥16 | 0.79 (0.04) | 0.76 (0.04) | 0.71 (0.05) | 0.66 (0.06) | 0.74 (0.02) |
| pEFS (60 mo) all | - | - | - | - | 0.83 (0.01) |
| pEFS (60 mo) <16 | - | - | - | - | 0.86 (0.01) |
| pEFS (60 mo) ≥16 | - | - | - | - | 0.69 (0.02) |
| All dead | 39 (27) | 72 (33) | 83 (52) | 44 (16) | 261 (146)* |
| All alive | 1168 (1065) | 865 (689) | 239 (160) | 147 (83) | 2420 (1998)* |
| alive % | 96.8 (97.7) | 92.3 (95.6) | 74.2 (76.2) | 77.0 (84.8) | 90.3 (93.2)* |
| pOS (60 Mo) all | 0.97 (0.01) | 0.92 (0.01) | 0.73 (0.03) | 0.76 (0.03) | 0.90 (0.01) |
| pOS (60 mo) <16 | 0.98 (0.01) | 0.95 (0.01) | 0.74 (0.03) | 0.84 (0.04) | 0.93 (0.01) |
| pOS (60 mo) ≥16 | 0.87 (0.04) | 0.83 (0.03) | 0.71 (0.05) | 0.66 (0.06) | 0.78 (0.02) |

^{*}Three patients had very severe infectious complications during induction and could not be assigned a risk-group. They are included in the total number of patients reaching CR1. All three have relapsed (iBM). ** Figures in parenthesis are patients 1-15 at diagnosis for counts or standard error for estimates. The count in "All Events", "CCR number", "All dead", "All Alive" and "alive %" also include the induction deaths and the outliers described above.

As expected, the number of events in the ALL-2008 cohort has decreased since the annual number of recruited patients has decreased successfully since 2018. In 2021, 20 new primary events occurred, 19 relapses and one SMN (**Table 3**).

Table 3. Primary events (NOPHO-2008 cohort) since the previous report.

| Event | SR | IR | HR-chemo | HR-SCT | Total |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|--------|---------|
| | (<16y) | (<16y) | (<16y) | (<16y) | (<16y) |
| Relapse | 10 (8) | 8(5) | 1(0) | 0 (0) | 19 (13) |
| DCR1 | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) |
| SMN | 1 (1) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 1 (1) |
| Total | 11 (9) | 8 (5) | 1 (0) | 0 (0) | 20 (14) |

Numbers in parenthesis refers to patients <16 years at diagnosis.

The current median follow-up for all living patients is 2108 days (range 27-4957 days), 2143 days (range 27-4957) for patients <16 years at diagnosis and 1999 days (range 27-4633) for patients 16-45 years.

The ALLTogether patients

From the start of recruitment of the first pilot patients in Denmark in 2018 until the end of 2021, a total of 813 patients have been registered in the ALLTogether Castor registry, of which 580 were registered within NOPHO. A total of 32 patients did not fulfil inclusion criteria and an additional 17 had to be excluded because of missing information leaving 531 patients for analysis in this report, 269 treated according to the pilot protocol and 262 included in the ALLTogether main study (**Figure 2**). The start of recruitment in the different countries and the recruitment/country is shown in Table 4.

The ALLTogether Pilot and Main Study

Figure 2. ALLTogether1 Pilot and Main study enrolment and exclusions.

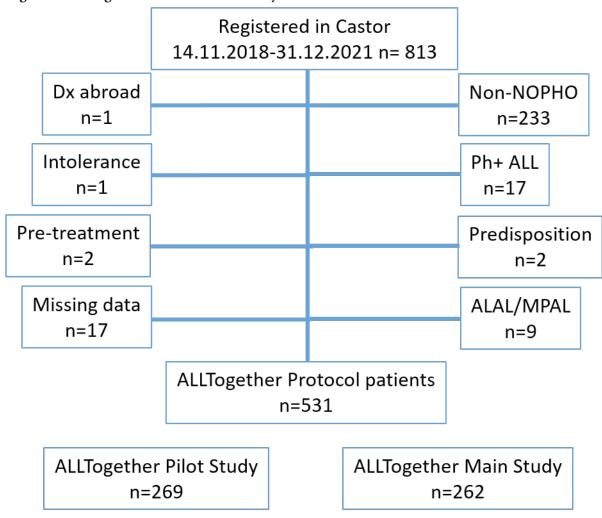


Table 4. Recruitment ALLTogether by country.

| Country | Pilot n=269 | Date start | Main n=262 | Date start |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | | recruitment | | recruitment |
| Denmark | 73 | 14.11.2018 | 60 | 24.7.2020** |
| Lithuania | 41 | 4.12.2018 | 0 | - |
| Sweden | 105 | 13.8.2019 | 112 | 28.9.2020 |
| Norway | 44 | 23.9.2019 | 44 | 12.12.2020 |
| Finland | - | - | 46 | 8.9.2020 |
| Iceland | 6 | 13.01.2020 | 0 | |
| Non NOPHO | Pilot n=0 | - | Main n=221 | Date start |
| | | | | recruitment |
| Netherlands | 1 | - | 142 | 9.7.2020* |
| Belgium | 1 | - | 62 | 30.10.2020 |
| UK | - | - | 17 | 11.05.2021 |
| Excluded | - | - | 12 | |

^{*}First patient in ALLTogether1, **First patient ALLTogether1 included in NOPHO.

Table 5. Clinical characteristics at diagnosis, NOPHO ALLTogether Pilot and Main study patients.

| | Pilot (%) | Main Study (%) | Total (100 %) |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | n=269 | n=262 | n=531 |
| Sex | | | |
| Male | 166 (62) | 151 (58) | 317 (60) |
| Female | 103 (38) | 111 (42) | 213 (40) |
| Age | ` / | ` | . , |
| <10 | 158 (59) | 173 (66) | 331 (62) |
| 10-15 | 43 (16) | 47 (18) | 90 (17) |
| 16-24 | 28 (10) | 21 (8) | 49 (9) |
| 25-45 | 40 (15) | 21 (8) | 61 (12) |
| WBC | | | |
| <50 | 230 (85) | 186 (71) | 416 (78) |
| ≥50 | 39 (15) | 76 (29) | 115 (22) |
| Immunophenotype | | | |
| BCP | 238 (88) | 218 (83) | 456 (86) |
| T-cell | 31 (12) | 44 (17) | 75 (14) |
| NCI risk-group (BCP) | | | |
| SR | 137 (58) | 124 (57) | 261 (57) |
| HR | 101 (42) | 94 (43) | 195 (43) |
| CNS | | | |
| CNS1 | 200 (74.9) | 183 (70.4) | 383 (72.7) |
| TLP- | 45 (16.9) | 41 (15.8) | 86 (16.3) |
| CNS2 | 10 (3.7) | 16 (6.2) | 26 (4.9) |
| TLP+ <5 WBC | 2 (0.7) | 11 (4.2) | 13 (2.5) |
| CNS3 | <mark>5 (1.9)</mark> | 4 (1.5) | 9 (1.7) |
| TLP+ ≥5 WBC | <mark>5 (1.9)</mark> | <mark>5 (1.9)</mark> | 10 (1.9) |
| Failed/missing | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| HR-Genetics screen* | | | |
| Screened | 264 (98.1) | 259 (98.9) | 523 (98.5) |
| Incomplete screen | 4 (1.5) | <mark>2 (0.8)</mark> | <mark>6 (1.1)</mark> |
| Incomp canonical abber | 1 (0.4) | 1 (0.4) | 2 (0.4) |
| Genetics Groups | | | |
| ETV6-RUNX1 | <mark>50 (18.6)</mark> | 53 (20.2) | 103 (19.4) |
| High Hyperdiploid | <mark>81 (30.1</mark>) | 70 (26.7) | 151 (28.4) |
| Hypodiploid 30-39 | 6 (2.2) | 4 (1.5) | 10 (1.9) |
| Near haploid (<30) | 3 (1.1) | 4 (1.5) | 7 (1.3) |
| iAMP21 | 3 (1.1) | 8 (3.1) | 11 (2.1) |
| KMT2A-r | 10 (3.7) | 13 (5.0) | 23 (4.3) |
| t(17;19) | 2 (0.7) | 0 (0) | 2 (0.4) |
| t(1;19) | 11 (4.1) | 7 (2.7) | 18 (3.4) |
| ABL-class fusions | 1 (0.4) | 2 (0.8) | 3 (0.6) |
| Other not stratifying | 81 (30.1) | 89 (34.0) | 170 (32.0) |
| Screened, aberrations | 17 (6.3) | 12 (4.6) | 29 (5.5) |
| Failed/missing | <mark>4 (1.5)</mark> | 0 | <mark>4 (0.8)</mark> |
| CNA-profile (BCP) | | | 151 |
| Poor Risk | 63 (35) | 88 (45) | 151 (40) |
| Good Risk | 118 (65) | 106 (55) | 224 (60) |
| Inconclusive/missing | <mark>57</mark> | <mark>37</mark> | 102 |

^{*}Patients had to be screened for hypodiploidy, near haploidy, iAMP21, KMT2A and t(17;19). Two patients failed some of these analyses, but had a canonical aberration (ETV6-RUNX1) detected, which according to the guidelines is enough to exclude the HR-aberrations.

Since the size of the groups (pilot/main study) is now adequate for comparisons, the distribution becomes more as expected. Completeness of data is reasonable, very few (and seemingly fewer in the recent period) patients have incomplete baseline diagnostics. Very few patients have missing CNS-data, but the interpretation of the grouping is not clear to all. Table 6 shows the discrepancy in the interpretation with discrepant interpretation in 63 (12%) of the cases, potentially changing the stratification in 42 (8%). An

additional two patients had an interpretation registered on insufficient grounds and three had no interpretation despite sufficient information. Particularly the interpretation of TLP +/- seems to be problematic.

This calls for correction of registration and/or improved instructions/education of the registration staff.

Table 6. Interpretation of the CNS-registration ("CNS risk-group") based on registered CNS-data.

| CNS- | CNS1 | TLP- | CNS2 | TLP+ | CNS3 | TLP+ | Insuff | No |
|-----------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|--------|-----------|
| status | | | | <5WBC | | >5WBC | data | interpret |
| CNS1 | 369 | 21 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TLP- | 0 | 47 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CNS2 | 9 | 1 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TLP+ | 1 | 15 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <5WBC | | | | | | | | |
| CNS3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TLP+ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| >5WBC | | | | | | | | |
| Insuff | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| data | | | | | | | | |
| No | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| interpret | | | | | | | | |

Columns=Corrected interpretation

Rows=Interpretation as entered into Castor

Table 7. Initial stratification, early events and treatment response to Induction and Consolidation 1. NOPHO ALLTogether Pilot and Main study.

| ., | vol 110 Milliogether 1 not and Main study. | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Pilot (%) | Main Study (%) | Total (100 %) | | | | |
| | n=269 | n=262 | n=531 | | | | |
| Induction type | | | | | | | |
| 3-drug | 137 (51) | 119 (45) | 256 (48) | | | | |
| 4-drug | 127 (47) | 135 (52) | 262 (49) | | | | |
| Down | 5 (2) | 8 (3) | 13 (3) | | | | |
| Induction outcomes | | | | | | | |
| Induction death | 2 (0.7) | 0 | 2 (0.4) | | | | |
| Outliers – no risk-group | 0 | 1 (0.4) | 1 (0.2) | | | | |
| Remaining for stratific | 267 | 261 | 528 | | | | |
| MRD d29 | | | | | | | |
| Not detectable | 73 (27.3) | 67 (25.7) | 140 (26.5) | | | | |
| <0.01% | 49 (18.4) | 59 (22.6) | 108 (20.5) | | | | |
| 0.01-<0.03% | 27 (10.1) | 36 (13.8) | 63 (11.9) | | | | |
| 0.03-<0.05% | 16 (6.0) | 18 (6.9) | 34 (6.4) | | | | |
| 0.05-<0.1% | 9 (3.4) | 8 (3.1) | 17 (3.2) | | | | |
| 0.1-<0.5% | 30 (11.2) | 30 (11.5) | 60 (11.3) | | | | |
| 0.5-<5% | 24 (9.0) | 25 (9.6) | 49 (9.3) | | | | |
| 5-<25% | 8 (3.0) | 12 (4.6) | 20 (3.8) | | | | |
| ≥25% | 8 (3.0) | 3 (1.1) | 11 (2.1) | | | | |
| missing | 23 (8.6) | 3 (1.1) | 26 (4.9) | | | | |

MRD-registration is much more complete in the main study than in the pilot, which also makes risk-stratification better. It is also notable that an MRD-reading can be obtained for almost all patients, likely due to the use of both FCM and PCR MRD.

The tables 8-10 show the assessment of risk-group from a central review point of view, with the data at hand from the registration.

Table 8. Up- and Down-Grading post Induction and Final stratification. NOPHO ALLTogether Pilot and Main study.

| | Pilot (%) | Main Study (%) | Total (100 %) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | n=267 | n=261 | n=528 |
| Up-/Down-Grading | | | |
| Down-grading | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> |
| From IR-low-HSCT | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>1</mark> | <mark>1</mark> |
| From IR-high-HSCT | <mark>11</mark> | <mark>13</mark> | <mark>24</mark> |
| Final Risk-Groups | | | |
| SR | <mark>64 (24.0)</mark> | <mark>55 (21.1)</mark> | <mark>119 (22.5)</mark> |
| IR-Low | <mark>49 (18.4)</mark> | <mark>64 (24.5)</mark> | <mark>113 (21.4)</mark> |
| IR-High | <mark>115 (43.1)</mark> | <mark>99 (37.9)</mark> | <mark>214 (40.5)</mark> |
| IR-high (TKI) | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>2 (0.8)</mark> | <mark>2 (0.4)</mark> |
| HR-chemo | <mark>2 (0.7)</mark> | <mark>3 (1.1)</mark> | <mark>5 (0.9)</mark> |
| HR-HSCT | <mark>31 (11.6)</mark> | <mark>30 (11.5)</mark> | <mark>61 (11.6)</mark> |
| SR-Down | 1 (0.4) | 0 | 1 (0.2) |
| IR-Down | <mark>3 (1.1)</mark> | 8 (3.1) | <mark>11 (2.1)</mark> |
| HR-Down | <mark>2 (0.7)</mark> | 0 | <mark>2 (0.4)</mark> |

Table 9. Post Induction Final stratification - patients <16 years.

| | Pilot (%) n=201 | Main Study (%) n=219 | Total (100 %) n=420 |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| SR | <mark>55 (27.4)</mark> | <mark>55 (25.1)</mark> | 110 (26.2) |
| IR-Low | <mark>49 (24.4)</mark> | 64 (29.2) | 113 (26.9) |
| IR-High | <mark>85 (42.3)</mark> | 73 (33.3) | 158 (37.6) |
| IR-high (TKI) | 0 | <mark>2 (0.9)</mark> | <mark>2 (0.5)</mark> |
| HR-chemo | <mark>2 (1.0)</mark> | 3 (1.4) | <mark>5 (1.2)</mark> |
| HR-HSCT | <mark>6 (3.0)</mark> | <mark>17 (7.8)</mark> | <mark>23 (5.5)</mark> |
| SR-Down | <mark>1 (0.5)</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>1 (0.2)</mark> |
| IR-Down | <mark>1 (0.5)</mark> | <mark>5 (2.3)</mark> | <mark>6 (1.4)</mark> |
| HR-Down | <mark>2 (1.0)</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>2 (0.5)</mark> |

Table 10. Post Induction Final stratification – patients ≥16 years.

| | Pilot (%) n=66 | Main Study (%) n=42 | Total (100 %) n=108 |
|----------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| SR | <mark>9 (13.6)</mark> | <mark>1 (2.4)</mark> | 10 (9.3) |
| IR-Low | - | - <mark>-</mark> | |
| IR-High | <mark>30 (45.5)</mark> | <mark>25 (59.5)</mark> | <mark>55 (50.9)</mark> |
| HR-chemo | <u>-</u> | <mark>-</mark> | <mark>-</mark> |
| HR-HSCT | <mark>25 (37.9)</mark> | <mark>13 (31.0)</mark> | <mark>38 (35.2)</mark> |
| SR-Down | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| IR-Down | <mark>2 (3.0)</mark> | <mark>3 (7.1)</mark> | 5 (4.6) |
| HR-Down | 0 | 0 | 0 |

There is a striking, but expected difference in the distribution of risk-groups between the children and the TYA-patients. With growing recruitment, the real-world data approach the calculated estimates made before the study start. There is still a slightly higher fraction of patient stratified to HSCT than expected and a slightly lower fraction than expected in the IR-Low group. Particularly in the pilot-study, there is a number of patients stratified to the IR-high arm by default because of missing data, particularly regarding MRD.

Stratification is complex and there has been a learning curve. Table 11 indicates the self-reported risk-groups versus the centrally reviewed risk-groups for the pilot-patients and Table 12 for the main study patients.

Table 11. Central Review Risk-Groups vs self-reported Risk-Groups, excluding DS patients. Pilot protocol

| Risk-Group | SR | IR-Low | IR-High | HR-chemo | HR-HSCT | Total |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|
| SR | <mark>46</mark> | 7 | 14 | 0 | 1 | <mark>68</mark> |
| IR-Low | 4 | 33 | 4 | 2 | 1 | <mark>44</mark> |
| IR-High | 6 | 4 | <mark>79</mark> | 0 | 6 | <mark>94</mark> |
| HR-chemo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| HR-HSCT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <mark>17</mark> | <u>17</u> |
| Not Reported | 8 | <mark>5</mark> | <mark>18</mark> | 0 | 3 | <mark>34</mark> |
| Total | <mark>64</mark> | <mark>49</mark> | <mark>115</mark> | 2 | 31 | <mark>261</mark> |

Columns=Central Review risk-grouping interpretation

Rows=Self-reported risk-grouping

Concordant: 175 (67%), under-stratified 38 (15%), over-stratified: 14 (5%), not reported: 34 (13%).

Table 12. Central Review Risk-Groups vs self-reported Risk-Groups, excluding DS patients. Main Protocol

| Risk-Group | SR | IR-Low | IR-High | HR-chemo | HR-HSCT | Total |
|--------------|----|--------|---------|----------|---------|-------|
| SR | 45 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| IR-Low | 6 | 50 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 60 |
| IR-High | 2 | 3 | 74 | 1 | 1 | 81 |
| HR-chemo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| HR-HSCT | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 24 | 25 |
| Not Reported | 3 | 6 | 21 | 0 | 2 | 32 |
| Total | 56 | 64 | 100 | 3 | 30 | 253 |

Columns=Central Review risk-grouping interpretation

Rows=Self-reported risk-grouping

Concordant: 193 (76%), under-stratified 16 (6%), over-stratified: 11 (4%), not reported: 32 (13%).

Follow-up

The registration of follow-up is clearly insufficient. Out of 269 pilot patients, 71 (26%) patients had adequate follow-up (after 1.1.2022) or had a registered event with a date, 27 (10%) had an out-dated follow-up and the remaining 171 (64%) had no follow-up. The corresponding figures for the main study patients were 111 (42%) with adequate follow-up and 151 (58%) without follow-up recorded. Therefore, in this report follow-up had to be based on the assumption that events have been reported and that patients without events remain in CR1 and alive. All events had to be reported within a week and follow-up was extrapolated to 8 days before extraction (3.4.2022), which was also the day after the last recorded adverse event.

Pilot study

For EFS estimates: Median follow-up for pilot patients in CR1 was 760 days (range 107-1236). For OS estimates: Median follow-up for living patients in the pilot study was 765 days (same range as for EFS).

Main study

For EFS estimates: Median follow-up for main study patients in CR1 was 316 days (range 94-618). For OS estimates: Median follow-up for living patients in the main study was 318 with the same range as for EFS.

Treatment-results – Events and estimates for EFS and OS

Table 13. Events and overall outcomes by Risk-Groups, Pilot patients, excluding Down syndrome.

| Event | | Pilot Pa | itients | | Total | |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| | | n=263 (non-Do | wn Syndrome) | | (100 %) | |
| | | • | | | n=263 | |
| Ind death | | 2 | | | | |
| Outliers | | 0 | | | <mark>0</mark> | |
| To Risk-Group | | <mark>26</mark> | 1 | | <mark>261</mark> | |
| | SR | IR-Low IR-High HR (comb) | | | <mark>Total</mark> | |
| | n=64 | n=49 | n=115 | n=33 | n=261 | |
| PTF* | <mark>-</mark> | <mark>-</mark> | <mark>-</mark> | <mark>1</mark> | 1 (0.4) | |
| CR1 (%) | <mark>62</mark> | <mark>47</mark> | <mark>105</mark> | <mark>28</mark> | 242 (92.0) | |
| Relapse | | <mark>1</mark> | <mark>7</mark> | <mark>2</mark> | 11 (4.2) | |
| DCR1 | <mark>1</mark> | <mark>1</mark> | <mark>3</mark> | <mark>2</mark> | <mark>7 (2.7)</mark> | |
| SMN | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | 0 | <mark>0</mark> | |
| Dead | 1 (1.6) | 2 (4.1) | 6 (5.2) | 3 (9.1) | 14 (5.3)** | |
| Alive | 63 (98.4) | 47 (95.9) | 109 (94.8) | 30 (90.9) | 249 (94.7)** | |
| 1 yr DFS (SD) | 0.97 (0.02) | 0.96 (0.03) | 0.95 (0.02) | 0.87 (0.06) | 0.94 (0.02)*** | |
| 1 yr OS (SD) | 0.98 (0.02) | 0.96 (0.03) | 0.96 (0.02) | 0.93 (0.04) | 0.95 (0.01)*** | |

^{*}Mandatory stratification as HR.

Table 14. Events and overall outcomes by Risk-Groups, Main study patients, excluding Down.

| Event | | Total (100 %) n=254 | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Ind death | | | 0 | | 0 |
| Outliers | | | 1 | | <mark>1</mark> |
| To Risk-Group | | 2 | <mark>253</mark> | | <mark>253</mark> |
| | <mark>SR</mark> | SR IR-Low IR-High (+TKI) HR (comb) | | | |
| | n=55 | n=64 | n=101 | n=33 | n=253 |
| PTF* | <mark>-</mark> | _ | <mark>-</mark> | 1 (3.0) | 1 (0.4) |
| CR1 (%) | <mark>55 (100)</mark> | 63 (98.4) | 99 (98.0) | 32 (97.0) | 249 (98.0) |
| Relapse | <mark>0</mark> | 1 (1.6) | 1 (1.0) | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>2 (0.8)</mark> |
| DCR1 | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.0) | 0 | 1 (0.4) |
| SMN | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | 0 | <mark>0</mark> | 0 |
| Dead | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | 1 (1.0) | <mark>0</mark> | 1 (0.4)** |
| Alive | <mark>55 (100)</mark> | 64 (100) | 100 (99.0) | 33 (100) | 253 (99.6)** |
| 1 yr EFS (SD) | <mark>1.0</mark> | 0.98 (0.02) | 0.96 (0.03) | 0.96 (0.04) | 0.97 (0.01) |
| 1 yr OS (SD) | <mark>1.0</mark> | 1.0 | 0.98 (0.02) | <mark>1.0</mark> | 0.99 (0.01) |

^{*}Mandatory stratification as HR.

None of the patients with Down syndrome have had any events in any of the study-cohorts and this was also true for patients in the main study with ABL-class fusion and TKI-therapy.

The 1-year EFS and OS for the combined pilot-main study population was 0.96 (SE 0.01) and 0.97 (SE 0.01) respectively.

^{**}Including events before risk-stratification (induction deaths).

^{***}Estimates for the whole patient population include early event and constitute EFS and OS for the whole population.

^{**}Including events before risk-stratification (induction deaths).

Sub-lethal toxicity

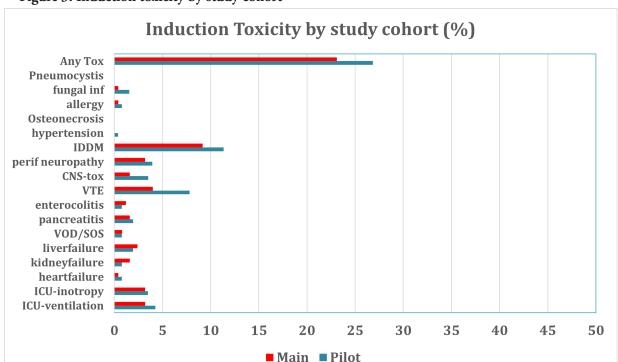


Figure 3. Induction toxicity by study cohort

Table 15. The most common Induction Toxicities (AESIs) by cohort. Coverage: 95.5% pilot patients and 95.8% main study patients.

| Toxicity | Pilot | Main Study | Total |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| , and the second | n=257 (%) | n=251 (%) | n=508 (%) |
| Any | <mark>69 (26.8)</mark> | 58 (23.1) | 127 (25.0) |
| ICU-press | <mark>9 (3.5)</mark> | 8 (3.2) | 17 (3.3) |
| ICU-vent | <mark>11 (4.2)</mark> | 8 (3.2) | 19 (3.7) |
| IDDM | 29 (11.3) | 23 (9.2) | 52 (10.2) |
| Liver fail | <mark>5 (1.9)</mark> | <mark>6 (2.4)</mark> | 11 (2.2) |
| Pancreatitis | <mark>5 (1.9)</mark> | <mark>4 (1.6)</mark> | 9 (1.8) |
| VTE | <mark>20 (7.8)</mark> | 10 (4.0) | <mark>30 (5.9)</mark> |
| CNS-tox | <mark>9 (3.5)</mark> | 4 (1.6) | 13 (2.6) |
| Per Neur tox | 10 (3.9) | 8 (3.2) | 18 (3.5) |

Diabetes is probably more common than in NOPHO ALL-08 with the universal use of Dexamethasone and the incidence is quite high. The toxicity is slightly higher in the pilot cohort compared with the main study, particulary VTE is more common in the pilot protocol, possibly reflecting the early period when the older patients were treated with two doses of PEG-Asp in induction. Adherence to registration is generally high.

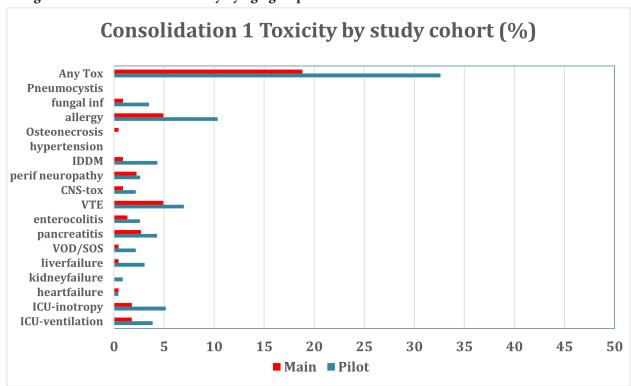


Figure 4. Consolidation 1 toxicity by age-group

The level of toxicity during Consolidation 1 no longer stands out as higher than during induction – for the main study patients.

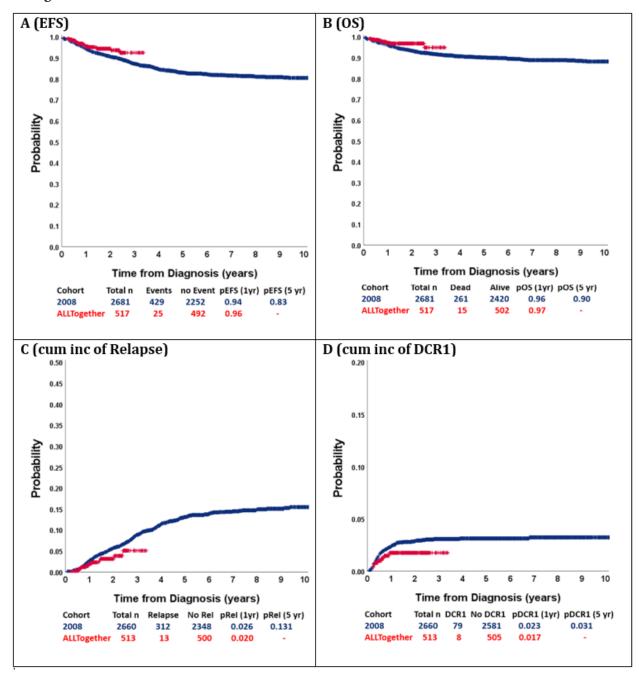
Table 16. The most common Consolidation 1 Toxicities (AESIs) by protocol group. Coverage: 87% pilot patients and 85% main study patients. Induction deaths removed from the denominator.

| Toxicity | Pilot | Main Study | Total |
|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| · | n=233 (%) | n=223 (%) | n=456 (%) |
| Any | <mark>76 (32.6)</mark> | 42 (18.8) | 127 (25.9) |
| ICU-press | 12 (5.2) | 4 (1.8) | 16 (3.5) |
| ICU-vent | <mark>9 (3.9)</mark> | <mark>4 (1.8)</mark> | 13 (2.9) |
| Liver fail | <mark>7 (3.1)</mark> | 1 (0.4) | 8 (1.8) |
| Pancreatitis | 10 (4.3) | <mark>6 (2.7)</mark> | 16 (3.5) |
| Enterocolitis | <mark>6 (2.6)</mark> | <mark>3 (1.3)</mark> | 9 (2.0) |
| Fungal inf | <mark>8 (3.5)</mark> | <mark>2 (0.9)</mark> | 10 (2.2) |
| VTE | 16 (7.0) | <mark>11 (4.9)</mark> | <mark>27 (5.9)</mark> |
| IDDM | 10 (4.3) | <mark>2 (0.9)</mark> | 12 (2.6) |
| Allergy | 24 (10.3) | <mark>11 (4.9)</mark> | <mark>35 (7.7)</mark> |

The toxicity-rate has fallen dramatically in the main study cohort, likely because of the removal of PEG-Asp from this therapy phase. Some Asp-associated toxicities such as allergy, pancreatitis, liver toxicity and VTE have decreased, but also the need for intensive care, which is generally a marker for infectious toxicity.

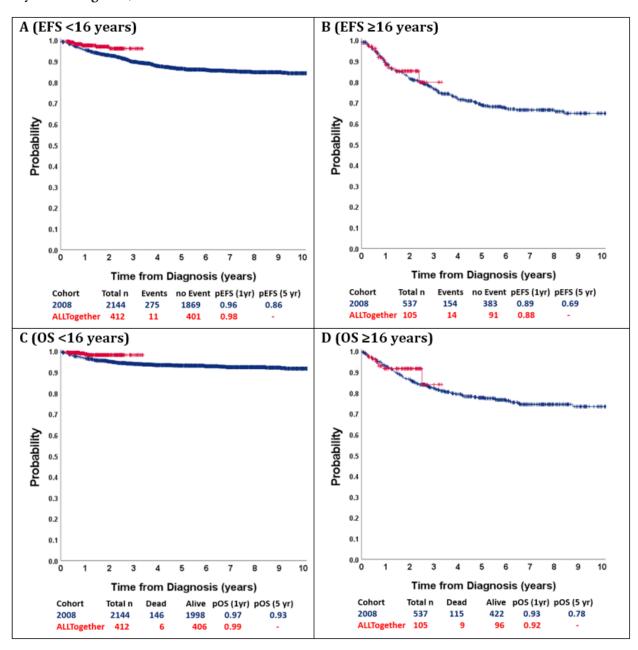
The rate of allergy is of interest and was in the region of 10% in the pilot, obviously lower after PEG-Asp was removed. The allergy-rate in Consolidation 2 was 0.6% in the pilot and presently, in the mixed population pre-/post change 11.2. However, there are many patients without registered AESIs for this phase and the general impression and some preliminary measurements in the whole consortium indicates that it may go up considerably. This will be further explored in the ALLTogether progress- and DSMB-reports.

Figure 5. NOPHO ALL-2008 vs ALLTogether (pilot+main study), Non-B cell ALL 1-<45 years at diagnosis, Mb Down excluded.



The early results of the ALLTogether pilot+early main study patients compared with the NOPHO ALL-2008 results may seem encouraging. However, the follow-up time is limited and the latter part of the curves, particularly after cessation of therapy have very few observations. Early estimates are also dominated by toxicity and it is likely that ALLTogether on average is less toxic than NOPHO ALL-08 because of the lower fraction of HR-patients. More adequate estimates, with potential to change these trends will be available with longer follow-up extending to the period after cessation of therapy, when a better assessment of the risk of relapse can be made. For this reason, no significance-testing have been carried out in these comparisons. Nevertheless, presently, there are no indications that the results will end up much worse than NOPHO ALL-2008 up in time. There was a learning-curve also for the NOPHO ALL-2008 protocol, with a relative excess of early deaths in CR1.

Figure 6. NOPHO ALL-2008 vs ALLTogether (pilot+main study), Non-B cell ALL 1-<16 and 16-45 years at diagnosis, Mb Down excluded.



The tendency for an improved prognosis is more obvious for the younger patients, whereas the graphs for the TYA-patients are essentially superimposable.

Table 17. Event-profile by age-group in the analyses above, ALL-2008 and ALLTogether patients

| | ALL- | 2008 | ALLTogether | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | <16 (n=2144) ≥16 (n=537) | | <16 (n=412) | ≥16 (n=105) | |
| Induction Death | 16 (0.7) | 5 (0.9) | 0 (0) | 2 (2) | |
| Protocol Therapy Fail | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | |
| Relapses | 193 (9) | 119 (22) | 6 (1.5) | 7 (7) | |
| DCR1 | 52 (2.4) | 27 (5) | 3 (0.7) | 5 (5) | |

It is likely that both relapses and toxicity contribute to the worse results for older patients.

Concluding remarks

The message from the survey 2022 is mixed. We have overall results indicating that the overall results for patients treated according to ALLTogether are at least comparable to the NOPHO ALL-2008 protocol, but it is too early to draw any firm conclusions regarding the long-term outcomes.

On the other hand, it is obvious that the complexity of the protocol and the complex structure with additional diagnostics in the shape of double MRD-measurements and therapeutic drug-monitoring is increasing the burden on the departments. This complexity is also reflected in an increased burden of registration, which shows in an increasing fraction of missing data, some of which are critical for the full analysis of the results.

An additional burden to the logistics and registration has been the important changes in the ALLTogether protocol carried out and the report illustrates the shift in toxicity between the phases of treatment. Further evaluation of these changes will follow in progress- and DSMB-reports from the whole consortium patient material.

It is understandable, particularly at the beginning of the new protocol, that there are teething problems when it comes to understanding the new infrastructure, the complexity of the stratification and organising the logistics.

Hopefully, these initial problems will be possible to resolve soon, since the registration and data-analysis are essential tools for improving the outcome for our patients.

Nevertheless, we would like to thank all who participate in the work with registration and other contributions to the completeness and quality of the registered data.

We also hope that the NOPHO collaboration will continue to be fruitful also in the context of the coming ALLTogether wider collaboration and that NOPHO will contribute to the common activities of the consortium as well as with our own initiatives for the development of care and research in ALL for children and young adults.

We are particularly looking forward to welcoming our Latvian colleagues to the collaboration also in ALL, since Latvia is planning to join the ALLTogether pilot study.

For the registration group, Stockholm, springtime 2022

Mats Heyman and Trausti Óskarsson

ALL Relapse Working Group

Members

(email addresses: see NOPHO website)

Denmark Bodil Elise Thorhaug Als-Nielsen

Peder Skov Wehner

Finland Päivi Lähteenmäki

Laura Korhonen Samppa Ryhänen

Iceland Ólafur Gísli Jónsson

Latvia Anna Valaine

Lithuania Goda Vaitkeviciene

Norway Inga Maria Rinvoll Johannsdottir

Jochen Büchner

Dorota Malgorzata-Wojcik

Sweden Petter Svenberg (Chair since 2019)

Mats Heyman Trausti Óskarsson

I addition to the annual NOPHO WG- meeting two additional WG-meetings were held via zoom/ teams. Anna Valaine from Latvia and Samppa Ryhänen from Finland were introduced as new members.

IntReALL studies

The IntReALL 2010 SR -study:

The study is closed (July 2020) and some data has been available and discussed during the fall in IBFM-meetings. For example, the outcome for R1 (randomisation between UKALL3 and ALL REZ backbone) are very similar, however more patients reached CR2 with the UKALL3-arm (Arm B) than with Arm A although TRM was slightly higher, especially during consolidation. As previously stated, due to a significant superior EFS for patients with IEM treated with Arm A compared with Arm B, future patients with IEM will receive Arm A. According to Charité, the results from the SR study will be published later this year.

The IntReALL 2010 HR -study

Finland has included two patients both whom received protocol-violating treatment (Nelarabine in one patient with T-ALL and for the other patient (with BCP-ALL) Blinatumomab was administered during consolidation prior to HC3. Sweden, Norway and Denmark are not participating.

Optional ALL-relapse treatment/studies are open, such as Daratumomab (Stockholm), Isutuximab (Oslo and Gothenburg), Inotuzumab ozogamicin (Copenhagen, Helsinki and Stockholm), Carfilzomib (Copenhagen and Stockholm) and CAR-T-cells (Oslo, Stockholm, Gothenburg, Helsinki and Copenhagen).

The IBFM-SG resistant disease committee/ IntReALL consortium met on numerous occasions via zoom discussing the new protocol.

The relapses of BCP patients will be stratified accordingly, Very high risk (VHR, relapse <18 months from primary diagnose and/or cytogenetic features e.g. p53, hypodiploidy, t(1;19)/(17;19), MLL/AF4. High risk (HR) relapse, early isolated or combined medullary/extra medullary relapse. For patients with late isolated or combined medullary/extra medullary relapses will be stratified as standard risk (SR).

- The IntReALL 2020 SR protocol will be an academic sponsored study including two randomisations, one in the induction and one later on during consolidation. All patients will receive one round of Blinatumomab. The IntReALL 2020 HR study will entail an investigational window during induction where a Pfizer-sponsored randomization will take place.

The intention to participate has been discussed within the WG, however the final commitment to the study will be a national decision.

For the VHR patients, they will be included in the ITCC059 trial where after the intention is to include them in a Rome-sponsored CAR T-cell trial with Miltenyi as the CAR-construct provider. Since there is specific Miltenyi apparatus required, and the patient numbers are small, different options for smaller countries are discussed. Our WG plans to have a separate meeting with the sponsor in order to clarify the best way forward.

- **Hem-ISMART** is an European initiative for biomarker driven selection and drug response profiling of relapse patients.

First stage focus for the HEM-ISMART is T-ALL and TLL-relapse patients, Next stage BCP-ALL/LL and AML rare subgroups.

- International Leukemia Board (iLB) is a European initiative to address patients to a selected arm of innovative drug combinations in a safe and regulated clinical trail environment. This foresees to reduce off-label and compassionate use in pediatric patients and make safety, toxicity and first efficacy signals rapidly available.

Prospective registration of ALL relapses in the Nordic countries. The WG members have agreed to grasp the treatment burden for relapse patients. At the moment, treatment is not seldom heterogeneous including both chemotherapy, immunotherapy, stem cell transplantation and inclusion in a phase 1/2 trial. Therefore a prospective registration would be the next step, however this can be achieved in numerous ways. The NOPHO CARE study, whose purpose is to study EFS and OS in all children with malignancies within the NOPHO countries, could be the platform needed. The data is imported from national cancer registry, and the Nordic countries except Iceland has ethical permissions already in place that cover data collection of relapsed patients. For the sole purpose to observe if these patient benefit from the different relapse treatment or not and include more variables, the start of a new registry to prospectively register all relapsed ALL patient has been discussed. Lastly, these patients can be registered in the Marvin based IntReALL ALL relapse registry. An effort to start prospectively register relapse patient data will be initiated during 2022.

Due to the Covid pandemic the annual NOPHO WG-meeting in Kuopio, Finland will be virtual.

For the working group Petter Svenberg, Stockholm, March 2022

Events Working Group (EWG)

Sweden Arja Harila-Saari (chair)

Anna Nilsson

Cecilia Langenskiöld

Mats Heyman (ALLTogether)

Mia Giertz (Osteonecrosis, Secretary for the group)

Susanna Ranta (Thrombosis)

Denmark Birgitte Klug Albertsen (Asparaginase)

Bodil Thorhauge Als-Nielsen

Kjeld Schmiegelow

Norway Bendik Lund

Niklas Bernhard Stabell

Finland Riitta Niinimäki

Anu Huurre

Latvia Elizabete Cebura

Lithuania Goda Vaitkeviciene

Iceland Ólafur G. Jónsson

Young NOPHO Raheel Altaf Raja (Denmark)

The group has had two meetings: 13th September with 26 participants and 7th February with 20 participants. Both sessions were arranged via Zoom.

The groups primary focus areas are follow-up and definitions of events in leukemia protocols and toxicity reporting, follow-up, and guidelines for treating adverse events. The group has mainly but not only worked with acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL). A focus of both meetings has been on events related to asparaginase.

I. Asparaginase (Asp)-related studies (Birgitte Klug Albertsen's study group)

At the September meeting, comparisons in hypersensitivity following PEG-Asp treatment in the ALLTogether pilot protocol vs the main protocol were presented and shown to be 17% and 36% hypersensitivity, respectively. Potential mechanisms or causes behind this disparity between protocols were discussed, such as the lack of concurrent use of dexamethasone or potential change in the preparation of Asp, as well as potential next steps, e.g., increasing interval or desensitizing exposure during consolidation 1 in the context of a randomized controlled trial (RCT). At the February meeting, Asp allergy in the ALLTogether protocol was further discussed. Price was mentioned – this may potentially be a political question. Treatment is also experienced as burdensome for the family, if patients need to receive it every other day for several months; possible to take intramuscularly with different dosage. Recombinant E. coli asparaginase may not be an alternative, as it has been shown to be more immunogenic. Birgitte suggested a RCT, e.g., comparison of ERYASPASE to Erwinase, and collecting more CSF samples.

Results from a study cohort of 1155 patients (6944 samples) on the association between asparaginase enzyme activity levels and toxicity in childhood ALL were presented. Briefly, overall toxicity and relapse were not significantly associated with increasing Asp enzyme activity levels for the whole cohort, while risk of pancreatitis and osteonecrosis was significantly associated with increasing enzyme activity levels. The results indicated that some patients might benefit from using therapeutic drug monitoring to identify high enzyme activity levels, to potentially reduce specific toxicities through dose reduction.

Another Asp-related study aimed to investigate safety of asparaginase re-exposure, the clinical decision making of asparaginase re-exposure, and clinical outcome after re-exposure. Of the 46 patients identified and included in the study, the majority were re-exposed to Asp, a low rate of re-thrombosis and low frequency of bleeding complications were detected. No clinical outcomes or imagine findings were associated with re-exposure to Asp.

A new study was proposed: Glucose intolerance and diabetes related to treatment with steroids and PEG-asparaginase in children and adolescents with ALL and lymphoma. The main aim is to investigate the incidence and severity of medication-induced glucose intolerance and diabetes mellitus in children and adolescents (1.0-17.9 years old) treated for ALL or lymphoma in Denmark. Continuous glucose monitoring will be performed using the Dexcom G6 glucose sensor. Ethical approval has been received, patient recruitment expected to start in March. EWG was positive to the study.

2. COVID-19 in pediatric cancer

Collaboration between Uppsala and Karolinska, along with other centers in Sweden. Patient recruitment since June 2020 and 139 patients recruited as of September's meeting (340 samples). Healthy sibling samples will also be collected (n=160) for analysis. Many children developed antibodies against SARS-CoV-2 with minimal (or no) symptoms and despite immunosuppressive treatment. Studies evaluating different covid variants may be performed.

3. Adverse events in ALLTogether

Reported results on toxicity in ALLTogether resulted in a change in the therapy (Asp moved from consolidation 1 for all patients and introduced in consolidation 2). Next steps were proposed: Updated look at toxicity to investigate whether toxicity has changed following change in therapy. In short, the toxicity profile differed between the ALL2008 and ALLTogether protocols, though the overall frequency has not changed significantly. Data collection is still ongoing and aims to include all patients in Sweden. Suggestions to look into the timing of toxicity and potential differences between risk groups, as well as to evaluate potential discrepancies between the reporting in different data sources.

Hyperammonemia has been observed during ALLTogether, especially during Erwinase treatment. Recommendation was to decrease the dose by 25%, give the infusion under 2 hours rather than 1 hour, and consider providing dosage intramuscularly rather than intravenously. May be possible to further decrease dose, but then samples should be checked to ensure that dosage remains sufficient.

Regarding coagulation, differences were observed in bleeding events and thrombotic events between the ALL2008 and ALLTogether treatment protocols.

4. Intensive care in children with acute myeloid leukemia in Sweden

Study cohort of 126 patients with AML, recruited from the Swedish Childhood Cancer Registry, of which 58 were admitted to intensive care (46%). A discrepancy was observed in reported admission rates between data from pediatric oncology treatment centers (29%) and the Swedish Intensive Care Registry (44%). There appears to have been excellent availability to intensive care in Sweden.

5. Single nucleotide polymorphisms and central nervous system toxicities in the ALL-2008 protocol

Neurotoxicity was evaluated in a cohort of 1464 children (1274 with B-ALL and 190 with T-ALL), of whom 135 presented at least one neurotoxicity during treatment course. PRES was the most common neurotoxicity and seizure was the most common neurological symptom. Age was identified as a modifier

of neurotoxicity with an overall higher risk of neurotoxicity in children ≥10 years and possible genetic disposition to seizures in children <10 years. Further GWAS and validation studies in larger cohorts of pediatric patients with ALL are warranted.

6. Body mass index changes as well as in relation to toxicity in the ALL-2008 protocol

Study aim was to describe change in BMI in NOPHO ALL-2008 and association with gender/age/ toxicities, using registry data. A total of 1443 patients treated according to the ALL-2008 protocol were included in the study. No significant correlations between BMI and median duration in each treatment phase or median delay to Maintenance 1 were observed. More obese children (72.5%) than children with healthy BMI (51.4%) had one or more toxic event, and older obese children had more Asp-associated toxicities. There was a tendency to increased toxicity in younger underweight children. Severe adverse events of significant included kidney failure, thrombosis (older children), abdominal catastrophe, SUSAR anaphylactic reaction, and bleeding as well as truncation of Asp in older children.

7. Osteonecrosis and thrombosis in children with Hodgkin Lymphoma (Mia Gertz and study group)

Study aim was to investigate the incidence, treatment, and outcome of symptomatic osteonecrosis (ON) in pediatric Hodgkin lymphoma (HL) between 2005-2019 in Sweden, Denmark, and Finland. Preliminary results are that ON is equally common in pediatric HL as pediatric ALL. Girls with HL in/after puberty have a very higher risk of ON, and ON seems to be associated with a significant weight gain during treatment.

The next EWG meeting will be on Monday, 5th September, and held as a Zoom meeting.

Publications involving the work of the Events Working Group

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AML Working Group

Coordinators

Sweden Josefine Palle Sweden Kees-Jan Pronk

National coordinators NOPHO

Denmark Marianne Hoffman

Estonia Kadri Saks Finland Sauli Palmu

Iceland Ólafur Gísli Jónsson Norway Monica Munthe-Kaas

National coordinators DB-SHIP

Daniel Cheukk Hong Kong Estonia Kadri Saks Zhanna Kovalova Latvia Lithuania Ramune Pasauliene The Netherlands Gertjan Kaspers Barbara De Moerloose Belgium Nira Arad-Cohen Israel José Maria Fernandez Spain

Portugal Vitor Costa

NOPHO-DBH-AML 2012

PI Jonas Abrahamsson Data manager Henrik Hasle

Cytogenetics Ulrika Norén-Nyström

MRD flow Anne Tierens

Young NOPHO

Denmark Kristian Løvvik Juul-Dam

Senior NOPHO

Denmark Birgitte Lausen
Finland Kirsi Jahnukainen
Norway Bem Zeller

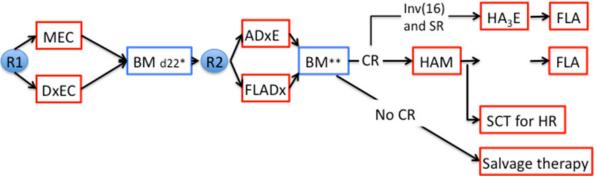


Figure 1. Overview of the current clinical research protocol NOPHO-DBH AML 2012. Evaluation of therapy response is performed on day 22 after the first course and immediately before consolidation. Randomisations RI and R2 are closed and MEC and ADxE are standard arms in all patients.

Organisation

The group has held two meetings during 2021, 19th of April and 8th of November and they both had to be digital due to the Covidpandemia. The November meeting was joint meeting with the MRD group. At both meetings there were NOPHO AML group meeting before meeting the whole consortium as former decided. The meetings have functioned as PI meetings for the coordination and supervision of the treatment protocol NOPHO-DBH AML2012.

In between these meetings there have been a lot of workning group meetings and activities in the making of a new protocol, the CHIP-AML 22 protocol.

We have continued to act as a platform for facilitating both biological and clinical research in pediatric AML and to include all collaborators in AML2012 in NOPHO research as well as commencing new research activities together with the Belgian, Dutch, Hong Kong, Israeli and Spanish national AML groups. All NOPHO projects are discussed and coordinated with the NOPHO leukemia biology group which allows for increased collaboration and scientific quality. As this report is written there just was a special AML-NOPHO biology meeting 14th of March 2022.

Several NOPHO AML research projects have been started and pursued during the year and NOPHO has participated in international collaborative scientific studies. The current AML2012 treatment study is still recruiting patients. In summer 2021 randomization 2 was closed as it had recruited all patients. The protocol is open for registration using the standard arms until the next protocol is ready to open. As usual, between meetings, members have frequent mail discussions both regarding individual patient treatment decisions and research issues.

Introduction

NOPHO has from 1984 until 2013 treated children with AML on four common protocols: NOPHO-AML84, -88-. -93 and -2004. The outline for treatment in the respective protocols is demonstrated in figure 2. All protocols have been based on induction therapy with anthracycline, cytarabine and 6-thioguanin with etoposide added from 1988 followed by consolidation based on high-dose cytarabine. Since 1993 a response guided induction strategy has been used, allowing hematological recovery for children in remission after the first course prior to giving the second course. Compared to the previous intensively timed induction this markedly reduced mortality in induction.

From NOPHO-AML84 to NOPHO-AML93, outcome improved significantly and the NOPHO-AML93 had a 5 year EFS of 50%. Overall survival was 65% which at that time was the highest reported in childhood AML.

However, the steady trend towards improvement was broken with the NOPHO AML 2004 protocol. Although survival increased to 70% the EFS_{5y} was disappointingly low at 47%. When analyzing the relatively poor outcome the main conclusions were that the second induction course in the AML 2004 protocol was not intensive enough and that idarubicin seemed to be less effective in patients with RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (t8;21) AML. Therefore, the group worked intensely to produce the new protocol which was finalized in December 2012. The first patients were treated in March 2013.

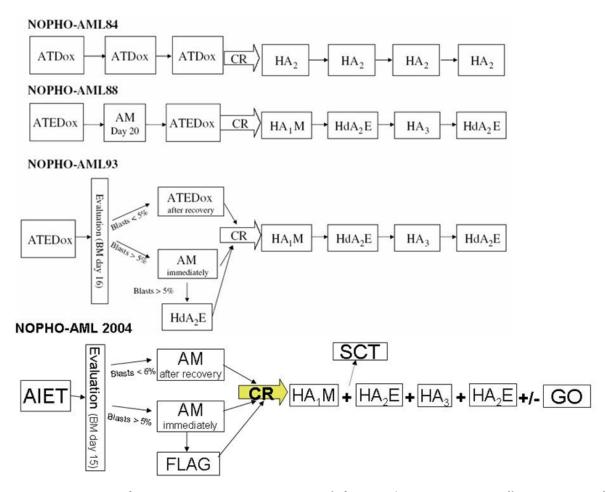


Figure 2. Overview of previous NOPHO treatment protocols from 1984-2012. In AML88 all patients received intensively timed induction with early start of course 2. Since AML93 all protocols have adopted a responseguided timing of the second course, allowing good responding patients to recover peripheral blood values before starting course two.

During 2021 the main work in the AML group has focused on

- Supervising the efficiency, toxicity and logistic framework for the NOPHO-DBH AML2012 protocol. A major task here is to assure complete registration in all databases including the clinical and laboratory (MRD) databases.
- Continuous work so that NOPHO can participate in two major international projects. The first is PedAL which aims at building a master trial for relapsed AML throughout the world and the other is Data Commons which aims at creating a large set of data from pediatric AML trials throughout the world.
- 3. Increasing the scientific collaboration with preclinical researchers and between NOPHO and the Belgian, Dutch, Hong Kong, Israeli and Spanish groups.
- 4. Participation in international collaborative research projects.
- 5. Continued analysis of data generated from previous NOPHO AML protocols.

NOPHO-AML2004

The protocol opened in January 2004 and was officially closed in December 2013. Hong Kong continued to use the protocol as standard of care until September 2016 at which time AML2012 was opened. The 2004 protocol with flow charts and amendments can be accessed at www.nopho.org. The outcome data are mature and much work has been done within the group also during 2021 to analyze and publish data on outcome, disease biology and toxicity.

Patient accrual

NOPHO AML-2004 included a randomized comparison of the potential benefit of Gemtuzumab as post-consolidation therapy for standard risk AML. Late 2010, the randomized study had accrued the target number of 120 and therefore was closed for randomization but continued to be used as standard therapy without Gemtuzumab. Between 2004 and December 2013, when the protocol was officially closed, 323 protocol patients were registered from the Nordic countries and Hong Kong. The protocol was also used as standard therapy for childhood AML in Estonia and Latvia. During 2010-2013 both the Netherlands and Belgium conducted a study based on a modified version of NOPHO-AML2004 (identical treatment except for omission of the third course HAM and no stem cell transplant in first remission). This study recruited 112 patients and had an EFS of 53.5% and OS of 74.5% at three years.

Toxicity

The toxic death rate in AML2004 was relatively low with 3.1% induction deaths and 2.8% deaths in CR1. The frequency of resistant disease was 5%, second malignancy 1.9% and 45% experienced relapse. As the treatment blocks were very intensive, bone marrow aplasia was long and the rate of neutropenic fever very high after each block ranging from almost 100% after the first induction course to 74% after HA3. The acute and long-term cardiac toxicity has been very low but a NOPHO publication in 2016 from the NOPHO-AML88, -93 and -04 protocols showed that, although most patients had normal cardiac function and no cardiac symptoms, left ventricular function was significantly reduced compared to controls.

Outcome

The overall results are stable with a five year EFS of 47% compared to 50% in NOPHO-AML93. The overall survival improved to 69% from 65% in AML93. Figure 3 shows event-free survival and overall survival compared to previous protocols.

When analyzing the relatively poor EFS it was found that patients with an intermediate response to AIET had a very high relapse rate as did patients with RUNX1/RUNX1T1 regardless of response. The AML group concluded that the second induction course – AM – was too weak in these patient subsets and in 2010 an amendment was made recommending FLADx as second course for patients with RUNX1/RUNX1T1 or an intermediate response to AIET. This seemed to markedly improve prognosis for these patients. Similar results were seen in the Dutch/Belgian AML01 protocol which used AIET as first course followed by FLA or FLADx in RUNX1/RUNX1T1 AML.

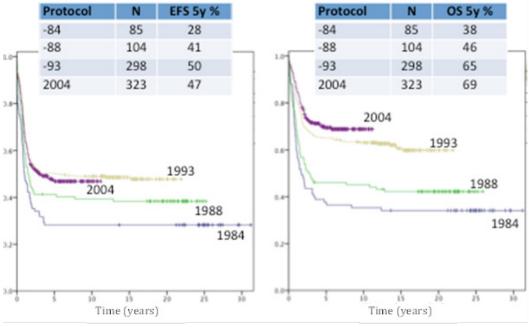


Figure 3. Overall survival (right figure) and event-free survival (left figure) in NOPHO-AML2004 (purple), NOPHO-AML93 (beige), NOPHO-AML88 (green) and NOPHO-AML84 (blue).

Analysis of the results with respect to subgroups is still on-going but it is evident that the changes in induction made in the 2004 protocol affected survival differently for several cytogenetic subgroups. An important conclusion is therefore that, even when using conventional chemotherapy for AML, patients in different subgroups may benefit from tailored therapy.

Stem cell transplant in CRI

In NOPHO-AML2004 high-risk patients were recommended SCT with any matched donor. Initially KMT2A aberration other than KMT2A/MLLT3 was a high risk criterion but interim analysis showed that compliance to the SCT recommendation in these patients was poor and consolidation with chemotherapy resulted in a satisfactory outcome. Thus, an amendment in 2009 removed KMT2A aberrations as a high-risk criterion.

At the same time accumulating evidence indicated that patients with FLT3-ITD mutations without concomitant NPM1 mutation had a very poor prognosis which might be improved by stem cell transplant. Therefore, FLT3-ITD mutations were added as a high risk criterion in an amendment in 2010. In total, only 17% of patients received SCT as consolidation in CR1 or following resistant disease. This is a low rate compared to most other childhood AML protocols.

Gemtuzumab randomization

The results from the randomized study including 120 patients were published 2012 (Hasle et. al. Blood). Gemtuzumab was well tolerated with no toxic deaths. Although GO treated patients had a tendency for later relapses, no effect was observed on either EFS or OS. Thus, the conclusion is that Gemtuzumab neither reduces the relapse rate nor increases survival when administered as post-consolidation therapy. In 2016 we could also show that patients relapsing after GO therapy did not have a significantly worse outcome than patients not receiving GO.

NOPHO-DBH AML2012

The protocol was finalized in December 2012 and the AML2012 database was opened in March 2013. The study has EUDract number 2012-002934-35 and clinical trials identifier NCT01828489. After approval by the competent authorities and setting up of national GCP monitoring the protocol opened in Denmark and Sweden in March 2013, followed by Finland in April and Norway in June. The Netherlands started recruiting patients Jan 2014 and Belgium in May 2014. Hong Kong started recruiting in Sep 2016 and Israel started using the protocol in summer 2016 but randomizations are not planned to be performed. The larger centers in Spain started using the protocol in Nov 2017 following relevant approvals from competent authorities and in Oct 2019 17 centers were recruiting patients. Spain is also not randomizing patients. The MRD group and NOPHO registry continuously work very hard in order to ensure standardization of MRD flow analyses and curate the MRD database.

The study was expected to recruit 300 randomized patients within a time frame of six years but due to the problems with DaunoXome shortage randomizations were on hold for more than a year and resumed in 2019. Randomization 1 was terminated at this point since EFS was significantly higher in the mitoxantrone arm. Depending on approvals from national authorities the countries re-started randomizations at different timepoints during spring 2019. In summer 2021 randomization 2 was closed as it had recruited all patients. The protocol is open for registration using the standard arms until the next protocol is ready to open. These patients are important to allow subgroup analyses in a larger cohort.

The main assumptions, which to a large extent were deduced from experiences from AML2004, behind the major changes in standard treatment in AML2012 as compared to AML2004 are that:

- prognosis can be improved by using more intensive induction therapy
- detection of minimal residual disease ≥0.1% by flow cytometry, following the two induction courses identifies a subset of patients with a very poor prognosis when treated with chemotherapy alone
- stem cell transplant can reduce the negative prognostic impact of a poor response to induction therapy

The risk stratification in AML2012 is mainly based on treatment response which we assumed would be possible to evaluate by flow cytometry in the majority of patients. Since MRD flow is very difficult in AML the MRD group have set up strict logistics and a standardized protocol but continuously strive to improve by several quality control procedures. We can already state that this part of the protocol has been a success since around 90% of patients have an evaluable MRD investigation with a sensitivity of 0.1%. The MRD group meets twice each year and all laboratories partake in twinning so that each patients MRD data at critical protocol timepoints is reviewed by two centers. Furthermore, quality control rounds are performed twice yearly where all laboratories review the same data files. All MRD data files are accessible through a common server.

Children with ≥15% leukemic cells after the first course or ≥ 0.1% after the second course are classified as high risk (HR). In addition, patients with FLT3-ITD and no NPM1 mutation are HR patients regardless of response. This is slightly different from more recent AML trials in children that also incorporate more rare gene aberrations with putative poor outcome. However, whether these small subgroups really have poor prognosis with modern treatment and in what way prognosis interacts with treatment response is largely unknown.

As there is an ongoing discussion about the risk grouping of these patients an analysis of patients with KMT2A and those classified as "highrisk" in other treatment protocols was done. This analysis did not change the decision by the NOPHO AML group to keep the risk stratification as originally planned in AML2012 and it emphasized the importance of MRD analysis and identified some subgroups where MRD < 0,1% after C1 might affect EFS and OS. There has been some treatment violations in the protocol where clinicians at times have given HR therapy including SCT to patients with these alleged poor risk genetic aberrations. Acknowledging that patient numbers are small, none of the individual study groups will be able to define the "true" prognostic impact of these aberrations and we will share our data in collaborative inter-group studies to extend our knowledge. However, the protocol group carefully supervise outcome in these patient groups and as of yet results seem satisfactory even in these genetic groups.

Children and adolescents in the HR group are recommended allogeneic stem cell transplant. All other patients are classified as standard risk and receive consolidation therapy with three blocks containing high dose cytarabine. An exception is standard risk patients with CFBB-MYH11 (inv(16)) who only receive two consolidation blocks.

AML2012 included two randomized studies both aiming at improving treatment outcome. The efficacy and toxicity (in particular cardiac) of mitoxantrone and DaunoXome in the first induction course were compared. The second study compared the efficacy and toxicity of FLADx to the course ADxE. Both studies are evaluated by using MRD flow after the respective courses as primary endpoint. AML2012 has three other important research aims

- 1. to evaluate the prognostic significance of measurement of fusion gene transcript levels after the first and second course
- 2. to perform a comprehensive genetic characterization of the leukemic cells
- 3. to use fusion gene transcript determinations to detect molecular relapse of AML during follow-up.

As of Mar 2022, 770 patients have been treated on the protocol. A major setback was that the company producing DaunoXome did not provide the drug since 1 Nov 2017. Initially we believed that the drug would soon be available again. Therefore, randomizations were put on hold and an amendment was made giving guidelines how to treat patients until the drug became available again. This involved giving the standard arm to all as first course and giving a modified block (ADE - cytarabine, daunorubicin, etoposide) as second course while pausing all randomizations. However, in late 2018 it became clear that it was unlikely that the drug would be available again. At the same time, the annual interim analysis in Oct 2018 clearly showed that mitoxantrone treatment gave a significantly better EFS than DaunoXome in the 194 patients who were randomized prior to the shortage. Therefore, after consulting the DMC, the first randomization was officially closed in Dec 2018 and in order to be able to continue the 2nd randomization, a second amendment was made allowing for substitution of daunorubicin for DaunoX-

ome in both treatment arms in course 2. This amendment was approved in all countries participating in randomizations during spring 2019.

The data given below includes all 770 patients treated on AML2012 until March 2022. The age distribution is as expected with 23% below two years. More centers now use NGS panels for diagnostics so 87% of patients have AML specific genetic aberrations. At present, 10% have CBFB/MYH11 which in good responding patients stratifies to only two consolidation courses. A further 13% have RUNX1/RUNX1T1, 10% KMT2A/MLLT3, 14% other KMT2A rearrangements and 11% FLT3-ITD mutations without concomitant NPM1 mutation. The latter subgroup is stratified to high-risk therapy in AML2012.

Adherence to protocol diagnostic and MRD guidelines is excellent. Figure 4 shows that following course one, 92% have an informative MRD examination and that of these 64% have MRD < 0.1%.

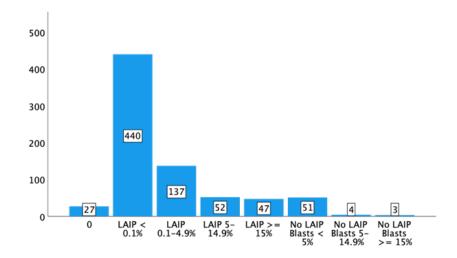


Figure 4. Response to course 1 in AML2012. 0 depicts patients lacking registration. LAIP - leukemia associated immunophenotype. 60 % of all patients have MRD < 0.1%.

After course 1, over 85% reached CR which is a high fraction. Overall, AML2012 has very high anti-leu-kemic effect and following the two induction courses 92 % reached complete remission. The frequency of resistant disease was 5,5 %. Of all patients, 73.9 % were stratified to the standard risk and 18% to the high risk group. As can be seen in figure 5, that shows Kaplan-Meier plots of three year event-free and overall survival according to risk group, the risk stratification virtually eliminates the previous difference in outcome.

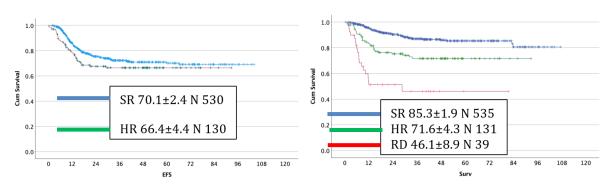


Figure 5. Event -free survival (left) and overall survival (right) are almost equal in both risk groups. Overall survival is shown also for patients with resistant disease (RD). Blue curve - standard risk, green - high risk, red - resistant disease.

The toxicity in AML2012 is, as expected, high but manageable. The frequency of induction death is 2.6% and the cumulative risk of treatment-related mortality is 6 %. This includes deaths after SCT in HR patients.

The overall treatment-related mortality compares favorably to published data in AML. Registration of specific toxicities shows that after each of the first two courses around 45% of patients have documented blood-stream infections. After the first course, 15% have typhlitis and 20% require care at ICU. The frequency of specific toxicities declines with subsequent courses. However, induction therapy for AML is very intensive and many patients experience potentially life-threatening emergencies. Therefore, continued vigilance is necessary and supportive care must be of the highest standard in these patients. Data have been collected to further explore the characteristics, outcome and treatment of patients with typhlitis and/or with ICU admission. Toxicity registration still tends to be delayed for the consolidation courses which is not acceptable in a clinical trial conducted according to good clinical practice. However, this is continuously improving.

The follow-up is now sufficiently long to interpret event-free survival in the protocol. Over 90% of relapses in AML2012 occur within 22 months from diagnosis. Also, the data for overall survival are now so mature allowing for interpretation. Fig 6 shows a EFS and OS at 3 years in the entire AML 2012 cohort. As can be seen EFS at 3 years is 63.6 % and OS at 78.0 %.

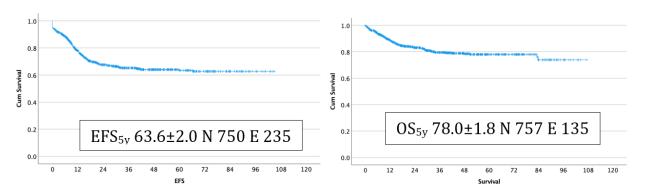


Figure 6. Kaplan-Meier estimates of event-free survival and overall survival for AML2012. Estimates are at five years.

Randomization between mitoxantrone and liposomal daunorubicin

In Oct 2018, 194 patients had been included in the first randomization in AML2012. The last patient was included in Oct 2017. All patients had a minimum follow-up of almost 12 months with a median follow-up time of 30 months in patients without event. For the primary endpoint, the fraction of patients with MRD < 0.1% on day 22 after start of course 1, there was no difference between the treatment arms. However, as shown in figure 7 there was a large and statistically significant difference in event-free survival, estimated at three years, between the treatment arms. Thus, EFS3y was $76.6\pm4.4\%$ for the MEC arm and $57.0\pm5.6\%$ for the DxEC arm (Log rank P = 0.017).

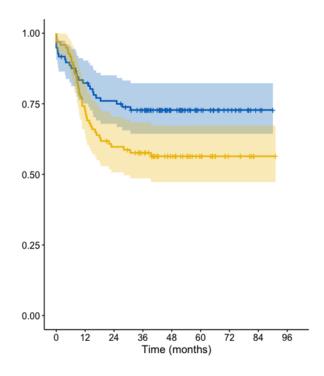


Figure 7. EFS in 194 patients randomized between MEC and DxEC in RI and with outcome data. MEC (blue line) had an EFS_{5y} of 72.8% (63.9-81.7) and DxEC(yellow line) had an EFS_{5y} of 56.4% (46.5-66.3) Log rank test is significant with P=0.017. The number at risk at three years was 27 for MEC and 23 for DxEC with a median observation time of 30 months in patients without events.

In total, there were 42 events in the DxEC arm and 26 in the MEC which is a statistically significant difference. Further analysis of the events showed, as demonstrated in figure 8, that the difference in EFS_{5y} was caused by a higher cumulative incidence of relapses (CIR_{5y}) in the DxEC arm. CIR_{5y} was 17.5% (10.7-25.7) for MEC and 35.1% (25.7-44.6) for DxEC (P = 0.005).

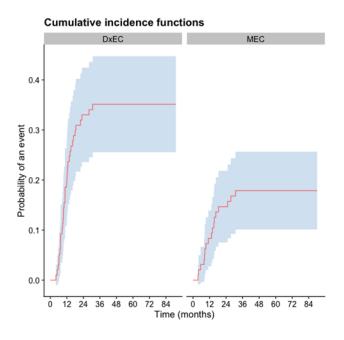


Figure 8. CIR_{5y} in 194 patients randomized between MEC and DxEC in R1 and with outcome data. MEC (right) had a CIR_{5y} of 17.5% (10.7-25.7) and DxEC(left) had an CIR5y of 35.1% (25.7-44.6) Log rank is significant with P=0.005. Analysis is performed with correction for competing events.

Multivariable analysis confirmed that the difference in EFS was due to treatment and there was also a trend to increased survival in patients treated with mitoxantrone (OS_{5y} MEC 81.9% (74-89.7) vs DxEC 73.8% (65-82.7).

In conclusion, the NOPHO-DBH AML2012 protocol has improved outcome in children with AML significantly. The study has shown that mitoxantrone, when given as part of the first course, is more effective than DaunoXome. The second randomization reached target accrual in summer 2021 and analyses will be performed 2023. The protocol logistics are well functioning and one of our main goals, namely to show that a very demanding flow cytometric MRD determination can be performed in a multi-center setting, has been accomplished. The treatment efficacy is much better than in previous NOPHO protocols.

New AML protocol

NOPHO-DB-SHIP Consortium and upcoming new AML protocol: CHIP-AML22 study

The NOPHO-DBH AML12 protocol was initiated in NOPHO countries, Netherlands, Belgium and Hongkong that all have randomized in the current protocol. The consortium has since been complemented with Spain and Israel who have treated patients on the NOPHO-DBH AML12 protocol, however not joining the randomizations. Lastly, also Portugal has joined the consortium, hence the current consortium name NOPHO-DB-SHIP; NOPHO – Dutch Belgium – Spain Hong Kong Israel Portugal. The aim is that all countries will treat AML patients according to the CHIP-AML22 guidelines, and hopefully as many countries as possible with participate in the study questions.

In April 2020, it was decided to start planning for a new protocol. A steering committee (SC) was formed with representatives from most of the different groups/countries and Dr Jonas Abrahamsson, SE, joined as PI for the current protocol. Dr Gertjan Kaspers, from the Prinses Máxima Center (PMC), Netherlands was appointed CI (Chief Investigator), and Dr Kees-Jan Pronk, SE as vice-PI for the planned protocol. Dr Dominik Turkiewicz, SE, was appointed protocol statistician. The protocol will be named the CHIP-AML22 study: Childhood International Protocol - AML22. Following formation of the SC, a call went out for participants for a number of working groups (WG). The Figure below gives an overview of the SC, the WGs and the participants in those. The SC has focused on what backbone to use and what randomizations to include in the protocol. The SC has cooperated with the different WGs on other more specific issues. The WG diagnostics/risk stratification is working on defining definitions of AML and relapse/refractory disease, working on guidelines for diagnostic workup/MRD-analysis, as well as working to establish a basis to decide on risk stratification. The WG supportive care is writing guidelines for several aspects of supportive care that we aim to include as recommendations in the protocol. The guidelines were also summarized in a expert opinion paper and submitted for publication. The WG alloSCT/Cellular Therapy has at this moment in time a main focus to coordinate the CHIP-AML22 study with the planned SCRIPT-AML study. The SCRIPT-AML study (see further below) will include AML patients that require SCT (either in CR1 or CR2). As the recruiting countries in the SCRIPT-AML study strongly overlap that of the CHIP-AML22, and as HR patients in the CHIP-AML22 likely directly are recruited to the SCRIPT-AML study, coordination between the studies is considered important. Lastly, a WG preclinical and translation Research was established. This group will coordinate proposals for add-on studies. Guidelines for study proposals were established by this group and currently we are working to synchronize this with the NOPHO scientific committee routines.

The major study-questions in the planned CHIP-AML22 study have been identified and a study plan was established. Likely, CHIP-AML22 will be submitted under new EU regulations and likely submitted as Master Protocol with a number of Sub studies. The protocol has not yet been finalized, but the the paragraph below summarizes some of the ideas and proposals for the new CHIP-AML22 study. The backbone will be very similar to the current NOPHO-DBH AML12 study. Apart from the good performance of that protocol, it also allows the SC to make decisions on treatment/risk stratifications/etc based on data from our own protocol. Dr Jonas Abrahamsson has multiple times provided the SC with specific analyses to help planning for the protocol. Currently, the standard arm backbone will be induction with MEC and ADE. Standard risk consolidation with be HAM+ADE+FLA, Risk stratification is somewhat altered; see below figure 9

SR (standard-risk):

No HR/RD characteristics

HR (high-risk)

- ≥15% LC in day 22 BM after course 1
- KMT2A (excl. KMT2A/MLLT3) with ≥0.1% LC after course 1 in BM1
- ≥0.1-5% LC after course 2 in BM2 (EOI)
- All FLT3-ITD/NPM1wt patients
- All patients with RAM-phenotype and/or CBFA2T3-GLIS2

RD (refractory disease):

≥5% LC after course 2 in BM2 (EOI)

Figure 9: Risk stratification in CHIP-AML22

As before, Flt3-ITD/Npm1wt, >15% after course 1 and >0,1% at end of induction are high risk (HR) patients. Other HR groups are depicted in Figure 9 and these were identified based on the results from the AML12 study. HR patients will receive one consolidation course and proceed thereafter to hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (SCT).

The SC will propose a randomization (R1) during Induction course 1; w/wo GO (Mylotarg). The rationale is that in the AML12, MRD response after induction is a strong predictor of outcome, thus we wish test intensification of induction to increase treatment efficacy. GO has previously been studied in the NOPHO AML2004 study during consolidation without additive value. Several international groups however (including COG) have studied GO already during induction and found GO to have additive value at least in subgroups of patients. However, as the results in the NOPHO-DBH AML12 trail are superior to the results in the groups that published on GO, we plan to study GO in a randomized fashion. Previously, a separate study for Flt3-ITD/NPM1wt patient with the Flt3-inhibitor Quizatinib was planned, but that study never opened. Therefor Flt3-ITD/NPM1wt patients will likely be part of the study. We are currently discussing what patients to expose to an Flt3-inhibitor, and at what dose/ schedule. No final decision on the type of Flt3-inhibitor has been taken, but negotiations to include Quizartinib are ongoing. HR patient without Flt3-ITD/Npm1wt, hence based on MRD, will likely be exposed to Bcl2-inhibitor Venetoclax during the first consolidation course (HAM), prior to SCT. As no formulation for smaller children is available on the European market, we are currently discussing with the company to solve this issue. A second randomization (R2) during consolidation is discussed and here the SC considers de-escalation of treatment in good responders, in a non-inferiority designed randomization. There is no final proposal yet on the modality of R2. As R2, being a non-inferiority randomization, requires a larger sample size compared to R1 (which is a superiority design), it is likely possible to start a "second R1" after the "first R1" has recruited sufficient patient numbers. The SC will propose to perform Interrim analyses during all randomizations.

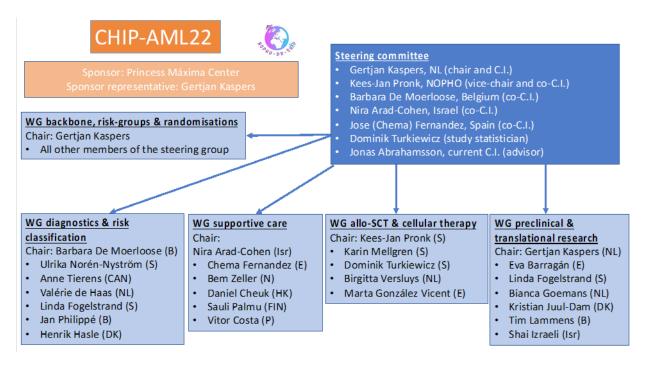


Figure 10. Overview of the organization the the CHIP-AML21 study, including the steering committee and WGs, as well as all participating members in the groups. CHIP-AML 21, Childhood International Protocol – AML21; WG, working group; PMC, Princess Máxima Center.

Intergroup studies and collaborations

PedAL, EUPAL and Data Commons

Several large cooperative initiatives are currently being discussed both within Europe and worldwide within the developed countries. The PedAL project is a US initiative for children with relapsed/refractory AML aiming to improve outcome through a comprehensive effort including development of biomarkers, preclinical research, informatics and clinical trials. The ultimate aim is to start a master trial for R/R AML including both a base therapy and trials of innovative therapies from several companies in one trial.

EUPAL foundation that supports the EUPAL consortium started in May 2020 in Utrecht. The aims to improve survival in pediatric AML, intensify basic, translational and clinical research, bringing innovative therapies to children, improving supportive care, supporting children and families, outreach and twining programs and longterm surveillance.

Kristian Lovvik Juul-Dam has been appointed by the NOPHO AML group as "young investigator" to work together with four colleagues in development of phase I/II trials for new promising drugs in R/R AML and he is currently working on a study with menin inhibitors for patients with KMT2A rearranged AML.

Closely related is the project Data Commons which aims at creating a common data dictionary with uniform definitions of variables so that study groups can send their data to a common database. The purpose of this database is to increase patient numbers in order to facilitate research regarding disease and treatment elements. The AML group recognizes that there are many difficulties including logistic and legal issues but consider it extremely important that NOPHO participates and helps drive these projects. All NOPHO countries have had several meetings with Dirk Reinhart in Essen who is responsible for the project and Henrik Hasle have taken the lead in the project of transferring NOPHO AML 2004 data. Still there is no research program which will be needed for several countries before they can apply to ethic committees to be able to transfer the data.

Myeloid leukemia of Down syndrome

The International DS study ML-DS 2006, which reduced the dose in each course and the total number of courses from 6 to 4 has now been published showing excellent results with an EFS at 5 years of 87% and a cumulative incidence of relapse/non-response of 6% in a cohort of 170 children. A new protocol is under development but the ML-DS 2006 is still used for treatment. The protocol is found at www.nopho.org

AML-M3 APL

In 2009, The NOPHO-AML group recommended joining the international ICC APL study 01 as a registration only study. The outcome in this protocol has been excellent with an OS of 94% at three years.

The new protocol, ICC APL study 02, is recommended as standard therapy in NOPHO since 2020. Individual countries will participate fully in the study according to decisions from the national groups. A major change is that patients with standard risk APL are treated only with retinoic acid (ATRA) and arsenic trioxide (ATO) and for high risk patients gemtuzumab ozogamicin(GO) is added.

International relapsed AML study

In the beginning of 2020 it was unfortunately decided to stop the relapse protocol that had been delayed since 2016 due to change of sponsor and that was already approved by the competent authorities in Denmark, Finland and Sweden. The plan was to investigate, in a randomized setting, if addition of Gemtuzumab to FLADx could improve early response. The NOPHO guidelines for AML relapse, until a new relapse study is available, can be found on www.nopho.org and hopefully, the new PedAL study for R/R AML, will get started during 2022.

SCRIPT-AML study

Planned 2-arms randomisation to compare different conditioning regimens in AML SCT, Bu-Cy-Mel vs Clo-Flu-Bu. There will also be an observational arm in the study for patients without access to a matched donor. Collaboration between NOPHO-Netherlands, Belgium, Israel, Hong Kong and Spain. PI Karin Mellgren and data manager Dominik Turkiewicz, both Sweden. Co-chair Birgitte Versluys, Utrecht, NL.



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Leukemia Genetics Working Group

| Coordinator | Ulrika Norén Nyström | Umeå |
|-------------|--|--|
| Denmark | Eigil Kjeldsen Mette Klarskov Andersen Birgitte Preiss | Aarhus Copenhagen Odense |
| Estonia | Pille Tammur | Tallinn |
| Finland | Jonna Elonen-Jokinen Petra Pasanen Anne Juvonen Ritva Karhu Kati Pulkkinen Satu Häikiö Hannele Räsänen | Turku Turku Helsinki Tampere Kuopio Kuopio Oulu |
| Iceland | Jón Jóhannes Jónsen | Reykjavik |
| Latvia | Aigars Dzalbs | Riga |
| Lithuania | Vaidas Dirse | Vilnius |
| Norway | Martine Eilert-Olsen Randi Hovland Helle Lybaek | Oslo Bergen Bergen |
| Sweden | Gisela Barbany Bustinza Lucia Cavelier Marie Engvall Bertil Johansson Linda Arvidsson Irina Golovleva Anna Norberg Helene Sjögren Lars Palmqvist | Stockholm Uppsala Uppsala Lund Lund Umeå Umeå Gothenburg |

The Leukemia Genetics working group meet once a year. The meeting is divided in two two-day-meetings. All participants (besides the coordinator) are working at the genetic laboratories responsible for the leukemia genetic diagnostics in the Nordic countries. The coordinator, Ulrika Norén Nyström (pediatric oncologist and coordinator) participate together with Prof. Bertil Johansson (senior expert) in both meetings. In February 2021, the meetings were virtual due to the pandemic. The Swedish leukemia patients diagnosed in 2020 were reviewed during the first meeting and the rest of the Nordic and Baltic leukemia patients at the second meeting. All pediatric AML patients as well as both pediatric and adult ALL patients were evaluated. During the review meetings all diagnostic genetic results are reviewed, such as karyograms, targeted analyses for the mandatory aberrations (FISH- and/or PCR), results from SNP-arrays and also NGS (new generation sequencing) tecniques done at diagnosis are discussed. A complete karyotype is decided, considering all diagnostic results we know of for each patient. The genetic group defining the patient in the treatment protocol for each patient is finally decided by the "worst counts" – principle. Representatives from the 19 genetic labs in the Nordic and Baltic countries participated.

Cytogenetic results for NOPHO patients diagnosed with ALL and AML in 2020

During 2020 the numbers of children registered in both the AML-registry and in the ALL registries decreased as compared to what usually is the case. The reason for this observation is not known, however an epidemiological study led by Anna Nilsson, Stockholm, about the impact of Covid-19 on incidence of ALL in NOPHO, is planned.

At our meetings, 249 ALL patients (4 infants, 195 children and 51 adults) diagnosed during 2020, and 42 children registered in the AML registry were reviewed (some of the NOPHO patients registered have other diagnoses than AML, and only 28 children with de novo AML were registered during 2020). Estonian ALL patients were not fully reviewed because of lack of access to CASTOR in Estonia. Many of the relapses of ALL and AML during 2020 were also reviewed, but not all, because of lack of samples sent to the genetic laboratories at relapse.

The Cytogentic module in the NOPHO registry

All genetic laboratories are now successfully reporting the diagnostic genetic results for ALL and AML in the cytogenetic registration module in the CCEG. For the patients treated according to the ALLTogether protocol in Estonia the review has still not been done (see above).

Umeå 28-03-2022 Ulrika Norén Nyström

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NOPHO Leukemia Biobank Working Group

Members of the working group

ChairHenrik HaslePast chairTrond FlægstadDenmarkHenrik HasleEstoniaKristi LepikFinlandOlli Lohi

Ólafur Gisli Jónsson **Iceland** Latvia To be appointed Daniel Naumovas Lithuania Niklas Stabell Norway Britt-Marie Frost Sweden Young NOPHO clinical Morten Krogh Herlin Young NOPHO laboratory Maike Bensberg Scientific committee Nikolas Herold Leukemia registry Mats Heyman Leukemia Biology Sofie Degerman NOPHO cytogenetics group Ulrika Noren Nyström

Biobank Elina Chugunova, Victoria Wennberg and Maria Lindström

Coordinator victoria.wennberg@akademiska.se

Website

The NOPHO Leukemia Biobank has launched a website, https://nopholeukemiabiobank.org
The first version of the website is in Swedish but will later be translated to English. The website is both for lay people and professionals. It will with time contain updated statistics of the biobank. It's planned to include a list of all studies retrieving samples from the biobank with the name of the study and the principal investigator.

Please have a look at the website and send your feed-back.

The website is financed by the Swedish Childhood Cancer Fund.

During the last year the biobank group has again only met online.

Patient ID

All patients with material to be saved in the biobank must be reported in a database to get a NOPHO or CASTOR number. This is also true for non-protocol patients, e.g. infant ALL, APL, MDS etc. Patient samples without NOPHO or CASTOR number will be destroyed.

New referral form

A referral form for sending material to the biobank in Uppsala was revised in January 2022. The form in English and Swedish can be found at nopho.org under working groups: Leukemia biobank.

The new form reflects the request to send PB and BM from diagnosis, at remission and at relapse from both ALL and AML. It is recommended to send cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) from diagnosis. CSF should be handled and frozen locally and sent to Uppsala in batches.

It's encouraged to send constitutional DNA from PB in remission.

Details are found in the referral form.

NOPHO

Time for sampling:

| | Diagnosis | Day 15 | Day 29 | Day 50 | Remission | Relapse |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| ALL A2G | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor | Bone marrow | Bone marrow | Bone marrow High risk patients | Blood in EDTA or heparin tubes at day 71/78 | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor |
| ALL except A2G | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor | | | | Blood in EDTA or heparin tubes at consolidation | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor |
| AML | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor | | | | Blood in EDTA or heparin tubes at consolidation | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor |
| Other diagnoses | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor | | | | | Bone marrow, blood, serum, liquor |

How to retrieve samples from the Biobank

The study proposal must be accepted as a NOPHO project by the Scientific committee and by the board. The Biobank must be acknowledged in scientific papers if the samples have been retrieved for the study.

International studies on rare leukemias where only a few samples are asked for may be published without acknowledgement of the biobank.

Withdrawal of the last sample from the biobank

In general, it's not allowed to take the last sample.

However, there may be exceptional situations where it may be accepted to withdraw the last sample because the patient sample is essential for the study of that unique type of leukemia.

An example could be an international study of a rare type of leukemia diagnosed in e.g. less than 1 patient per year within NOPHO.

It may be difficult for the biobank or the biobank group to make the decision whether the last sample can be retrieved, therefore it will be a mandatory part of the scrutiny by the NOPHO Scientific committee to make a recommendation of whether the last sample can be withdrawn.

LL Biology Working Group

Members

NOTE; in this WG we don't have appointed country representatives. All NOPHO members are welcome as active members.

Listed members as of March 2022:

Jonas Abrahamsson, Birgitte Klug Albertsen, Anna Andersson, Gisela Barbany, Alessandro Camponeschi, Anders Castor, Sofie Degerman, Matilda Degn, Erik Delsing Malmberg, Vaidas Dirse, Trond Flægstad, Linda Fogelstrand, Erik Forestier, Thomas Frandsen, Line Groth-Pedersen, Tekla Harju, Henrik Hasle, Morten Herlin, Nikolas Herold, Mats Heyman, Linda Holmfeldt, Randi Hovland, Magnus Hultdin, Inga Maria Rinvoll Johannsdottir, Bertil Johansson, Kristian Løvvik Juul-Dam, Mette Klarskov Andersen, Andreas Lennartsson, Olli Lohi, Gudmar Lönnerholm, Hans O. Madsen, Johan Malmros, Hanne V. Marquart, Karin Mellgren, Signe Modvig, Colm Nestor, Ann Nordgren, Jessica Nordlund, Ulrika Norén-Nyström, Josefine Palle, Lars Palmqvist, Kajsa Paulsson, Anna Poluha, Kimmo Porkka, Kees-Jan Cornelis Pronk, Monika Renkielska, Samppa Ryhänen, Olle Sangfelt, Kjeld Schmiegelow, Mindaugas Stoskus, Ann-Christine Syvänen, Mervi Taskinen, Maria Thastrup, Goda Vaitkeviciene, Hartmut Vogt, Ulla Wartiovaara-Kautto, Vasilios Zachariadis, Ann Elisabeth Åsberg, Nina Friesgaard Øbro, Ingegerd Öfverholm.

Organization

The group Leukaemia & Lymphoma Biology Working Group (LL Biology WG) includes ALL, AML and lymphoma researchers ranging from experimental researchers to pediatric oncologists. The group is open for all NOPHO members and their coworkers with an interest in biology research on leukemia/lymphoma. Group members therefore shift over time. Also non-NOPHO members are welcome for an initial meeting before applying for NOPHO membership.

The group decided in 2020 to keep on Olli Lohi (OH) and Linda Fogelstrand (LF) as chairs of the group. They have strong backgrounds in basic research and represent diagnostics (LF) and clinical (OL) expertise, and research focus primarily on ALL (OL) and AML (LF). The chairs are also active in the scientific groups connected to ongoing and planned international ALL and AML trials; OL is a member of the ALLTogether Scientific committee, and LF of the CHIP-AML22 WG preclinical and translational research.

The LL Biology WG reports to the LLC, but many of the items are also discussed in the ALL/ALLTogether WG and AML-WG.

Aims

The aims of the group are:

- Bring together clinicians, experimental researchers and diagnostic experts on childhood leukemia and lymphoma
- Increase knowledge of ongoing NOPHO biology-related research projects by regular updates
- Foster collaboration; increase shared projects, technolocy/expertise and funding applications
- Enhance and coordinate utilization of NOPHO biobank material and already obtained data including genomic data
- Plan novel research projects in conjunction with upcoming/ongoing protocols
- Avoid parallel studies
- Assist the NOPHO Scientific committee in evaluating project proposals and if requested aid in ranking research proposals for the NOPHO Biobank

Meetings and results

The group gathers at biannual meetings which are held back-to-back with the ALL/ALLTogether WG meetings. Previously, the meetings have had a common structure; one scientific theme with invited speaker, presentations of new project proposals (NOPHO projects and local projects), updates of ongoing NOPHO projects and update from the NOPHO biobank. In 2021, both WG meetings were virtual due to the pandemic and therefore shorter covering primarily new/ongoing projects. Neither meeting generated costs.

The 2021 March virtual meeting had 26 participants. There were no new project proposals, but updates of two longstanding productive NOPHO projects: 'Methylation profiling of T-ALL samples' by Sofie Degerman, Umeå, and 'Multi-level analysis of acute myeloid leukemia' by Linda Holmfeldt, Uppsala. The latest news from the ALLTogether Scientific Committee were presented by Sofie Degerman and Olli Lohi. ALLTogether SC includes two members from each regional/national group: one clinician and one scientist, currently Olli Lohi and Sofie Degerman from NOPHO. The ALLTogether Scientific Committee will accept applications three times a year and the practical aspects of this have been discussed in several forums during 2021, including LL Biology WG, and continues 2022. The meeting also covered updates from the Biobank group.

Also the 2021 September virtual meeting had 26 participants. One new AML project was proposed; 'TARP as an immunotherapeutic target in pediatric AML: current status and future developments' by Jolien Vanhooren, group Tim Lammens in Ghent, Belgium. Ulrika Norén Nyström, Umeå, who is representing NOPHO in Interfant-21, shortly presented five different suggested add-on studies to the Interfant-21 protocol, proposed by researchers in UK, Netherlands, Italy, and Japan. The LL Biology WG deemed more details necessary before advising NOPHO to embark on these projects, and it was decided to invite PI:s of project to a coming WG meeting (March 2022). In the meeting, there was also an update of the large, longstanding project 'NOPHO study no 56: Genome-wide epigenetic analysis in ALL' by Jessica Nordlund, Uppsala. In the project, the researchers have collected large amounts of DNA methylation and RNA sequencing data on ALL patients from 1992-2012, and Jessica invited interested people to contact her directly if the data could be useful for their projects. The biobank group updated with collected sample types and numbers.

Future perspectives

Meetings will continue to be held biannually, in March and September 2022. The first meeting will be hybrid according to the previous structure with the theme Moving AML forward and invited speaker. Meeting costs during 2022 will be financed by the planning grant from the Swedish Childhood Cancer Foundation (LF). Travel expenses are covered by the institutions of the participants.

Olli Lohi and Linda Fogelstrand March 2022

Infant Leukemia Working Group

Coordinator/Chair Ulrika Norén Nyström, Leukemia genetics wg

Denmark Birgitte Klug Albertsen

Estonia Kristi Lepik
Finland Olli Lohi

Iceland Sólveig Hafsteinsdóttir

Latvia Anna Valaine
Lithuania Vilma Rutkauskaite
Goda Vaitkeviciene

Norway Magnus Assaved Hjort

Sweden Anders Castor

Lene Karlsson

Data centerMats HeymanYoung NOPHOSauli Palmu, Finland

The main activity of the NOPHO Infant Leukemia group is to discuss and manage current international infant ALL protocols.

The group had several virtual meetings during 2021. In June Birgitte Lausen stepped down as chair and Ulrika Norén Nyström was approved as new Chair. During the autumn representatives for the Baltic countries also joined the group. The group has met virtually twice during the autumn and winter, mainly to discuss issues with the planned new Interfant-21 protocol.

At present (March 2022) the Interfant-21 protocol is about to be submitted in the Netherlands. The protocol is based on the promising results of the Phase I/II-study with one cycle of Blinatomumab (28 days continuous infusion) between induction and Phase 1B which has been open for *KMT2A*-rearranged (*KMT2A*-r) infants with BCP-ALL within the Interfant consortium. Princess Maxima in Utrecht will be sponsor for the Interfant-21 trial, that only will include infants with *KMT2A*-r BCP ALL. No randomization will be included and therefore outcome will be compared to well characterized historical controls. The backbone of the protocol is based on the previous Interfant-06. One cycle of Blinatomumab will be recommended to all patients after induction, and a second cycle will replace MARMA for medium risk patients responding well to the first cycle of Blina. Other changes as compared to the Interfant-06 protocol: less stringent adaptation of age-based dose reduction guidelines; allocation to lymphoid or myeloid consolidation therapy based upon EOI MRD; all HR patients and MR patients with insufficient MRD response will be eligible for allo-HSCT and also for experimental therapy prior to SCT.

The protocol sponsor hope to submit the protocol to Dutch regulatory authorities in April/May 2022 and receive the ethical approval in June/July. The NOPHO countries will (hopefully) be able to submit the protocol through the ECTR system from the autumn of 2022, if this plan holds. The NOPHO countries planning to participate in the protocol: Denmark, Finland, Lithuania, Norway, and Sweden.

NB! Infants diagnosed with BCP-ALL without *KMT2A*-r or T-ALL, will be eligible for the ALLTogether1 protocol version 4.0, which is modified to include these infants, and already approved in some of the NOPHO countries. The dosing of infants in ALLTogether1 v.4.0 is adjusted to the dosing that will be used in the Interfant-21 protocol.

Umeå 29th of March Ulrika Norén Nyström Chair of the NOPHO Infant Leukemia working group

Other Disease Working Groups

Benign Haematology Committee (BHC)

Chair Ulf Tedgård / Annika Mårtensson (new 2022)

Thrombosis and Haemostasis working group chair Susanna Ranta (new 2021)

Red cell disorders working group chair Annika Mårtensson (new 2022)

Platelet working group chair Mimi Kjærsgaard

Histiocytosis working group chair Jan-Inge Henter / Tatiana von Bahr Greenwood (new 2022)

After the BHC Teams meeting the 28th of April 2022, Annika Mårtensson has accepted to be the new chairman of BHC (from after the NOPHO Board meeting 2022). Annika is from 2022 also chairman of the Red cell working group. Tatiana von Bahr Greenwood will succeed Jan-Inge Henter as chairman of the Histiocytosis working group.

At the BHC meeting in April we also discussed how benign haematology and BHC could become of more interest for all members of NOPHO. An open meeting for all interested in benign haematology in conjunction with the NOPHO annual meeting was one suggestion. A good opportunity to start could be at the 2023 annual meeting held in Lund.

The following is a brief summary in a few points of what the working groups are working on. For more detailed information see each working groups annual report.

Thrombosis and Haemostasis working group

The group consist of representants from each NOPHO country -with Latvia joining 2021- as well as other interested colleagues and had two virtual meetings in 2021.

The main research focus is ALL-related coagulopathy with several ongoing research projects.

The group has initiated more detailed registration of thromboses in CASTOR.

Red Cell Disorders working group

The group consist of representants from each NOPHO country and adult hematologists are associated to the group. Annika Mårtensson, Sweden is new chairman of the group from March 2022.

During 2021 most work has focused on the registry for transfusion dependent anemias (the VPH registry) which is a quality register. The VPH registry is open for registrations since October 2021.

Research regarding data in the VPH registry can be made on patients who have given informed consent to export of data to NOPHO-Care, which the working group participates in. Collaboration with the European research registry RADeep is ongoing and an application to the Ethics Review Board for a study is planned.

Platelet working group

Work is underway to develop NOPHO guidelines for the treatment of acute ITP.

Work is ongoing to develop NOPHO guidelines for the treatment of chronic ITP.

A manuscript on intracranial haemorrhage in ITP is being prepared based on experiences from the Nordic countries.

Histiocytosis working group

Histiocyte Society: The 38th Annual Meeting of the Histiocyte Society will be held in a Nordic Country; in Stockholm, September 18-20, 2022. Welcome! https://www.histiocytesociety.org/Stockholm-2022

LCH-IV: Sweden, Norway and Denmark are approved study centers, and on 31st December 2021 24 countries were participating and altogether n=1719 patients had been recruited. Since recruitment is slower than expected, and for Stratum I group 1 it will take another 2-3 years to reach the planned sample size while it should be reached for Stratum II during 2022. **NOTE:** The current protocol version is 1.6.

HLH studies: For primary HLH, the Histiocyte Society recommends the HLH-94 protocol as standard of care, but with the HLH-2004 diagnostic criteria (5/8 criteria). There is no new international treatment study on HLH planned but the HLH Registry, based in Germany, is open for (1) all patients with primary immunodeficiencies predisposing to HLH, and (2) patients with active HLH that is not secondary to underlying conditions such as rheumatological disease, malignancy, metabolic disease or Leishmania infection.

ECHO: The European Consortium for Histiocytosis (ECHO) is focusing on LCH, and ongoing relevant studies in ECHO are:

- EU Series/ targeted therapy in LCH Histiocytosis (Jean Donadieau, France); Results being analyzed.
- Mutant BRAF allele load in circulating cell lineages in histiocytic disorders/LCH (Elena Sieni, Italy, and Astrid van Halteren, Netherlands); Enrollment ongoing.
- Clinicogenomic associations in LCH (Astrid van Halteren). In manuscript. Collaboration with Histiocyte Society/LCH-IV.
- There is a newly formed Working Group on Histiocytoses in Adulthood in ECHO. Chair: Polyzois Makras: makras@internet.gr

Lund, May 2022 Ulf Tedgård Outgoing chairman of the NOPHO Benign Haematology Committee

NOPHO Novel Therapy Working Group

Members 2021-2022

Denmark Karsten Nysom (chair), Kjeld Schmiegelow

Finland Olli Lohi

Iceland Halldóra K. Þórarinsdóttir

Norway Trond Flægstad, Jochen Büchner

Sweden Stefan Holm, Ingrid Øra, Jacek Toporski, Mats Heyman,

Geraldine Giraud (Young NOPHO)

The working group has not had any meetings since the annual meeting in Aalborg in May 2019. This year, a web-based meeting is planned Friday 06 May 08:00-10:00.

There are now Nordic ITCC centres in Copenhagen, Stockholm, Gothenburg, Tampere, Oslo and Helsinki, all of which have tumour samples from high-risk patients and relapses analysed in molecular sequencing programs (INFORM and a Danish programme).

The main progress in the working group's field of interest during the past year was continuation of the NOPHOmatch project, containing weekly Nordic videoconferences on relapsed or refractory childhood cancers (every Wednesday at 13:00 CET, led by Torben Ek, Gothenburg).

The number of phase 1-2 trials for children with cancer recruiting in the Nordic region has been steadily increasing to now 27. An up-to-date overview of all phase 1-2 trials and phase 3 trials with targeted agents, open for children or adolescents with cancer in any Nordic or Baltic country, is available at www.nopho.org under "Protocols".

Copenhagen, March 27th, 2022 Karsten Nysom

| | y working group – Ov | verview of ongoing trials – | Updated 10 March 2022 | | | | Page 1 of 4 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| Phase 1-2 trials | | | D. | | | | |
| Trial (link) FIREFLY-1 | DAY-101 | Other agents | Diagnoses Low grade glioma or advanced solid tumours with activating BRAF-alterations | Age 0.5-25y | Open in Copenhagen | 2 | Karsten Nyson |
| SeluDex | Selumetinib | Dexamethasone | Relapsed/refractory ALL in children (≥2°d rel.) and adults (≥1° rel.) with RAS pathway activating mutations | Any | Copenhagen | 1-2 | Ruta Tuckuviene |
| VyClo | CPX-351 | Clofarabine | AML refractory, relapse after SCT, relapse within 1 year from diagnosis, or with high- risk cytogenetics, or any subsequent relapse | 1-21y | Copenhagen | 1 | Ruta Tuckuvieue |
| Roche GO42286 | Alectinib | | Relapsed or refractory tumours with ALK fusion (not lymphoma) | <18y | Copenhagen | 1 | Karsten Nysom |
| FaR-RMS | ÷ | Irinotecan +IVA (ifosfamide, vincristine, actinomycin) | Newly diagnosed very high- risk rhabdomyosarcoma | 1-24.9y | Copenhagen, Oslo | 1 | Karsten Nysom, Heidi Glosli |
| INCB 84344-102 | Ponatinib | | Any relapsed or refractory childhood cancer | 6-17.9y | Stockholm | 1-2 | Anna Nilsson |
| TRIDENT-1 | Repotrectinib (TRKi) | • | Tumours with NTRK fusion, also if previously treated with 1 or 2 other TRKi | ≥12y | Copenhagen | 2 | Karsten Nysom |
| NIVO-ALCL | Nivolumab (anti-PD-1) | | Relapsed/refractory ALK+ ALCL | ≥0.5y | Copenhagen | 2 | Karsten Nysom |
| ITCC-053 CRISP | Crizotinib (ALKi) | Temsirolimus for neuroblastomas and rhabdomyosarcomas | Tumours with ALK, ROS1 or MET aberrations | 1-21y | Copenhagen | 1 | Karsten Nysom |

Histiocytosis Working Group

Coordinator Tatiana von Bahr Greenwood

Denmark Tania Nicole Masmas (HLH)

Peter Erik Lotko Pontoppidan (LCH)

Finland Marika Grönroos

Helena Olkinuora

Iceland Halldóra Þórarinsdóttir

Sólveig Hafsteinsdóttir

Lithuania Jelena Rascon

Norway Maria Gunnes (HLH)

Monica Cheng Munthe-Kaas (LCH)

Sweden Jan-Inge Henter

Tatiana von Bahr Greenwood

Young NOPHO Nikolas Herold

LANGERHANS CELL HISTIOCYTOSIS (LCH):

LCH-IV study

From the Nordic and Baltic countries Sweden, Norway and Denmark are up and running study centers.

Each country has its separate national coordinator(s):

- **Denmark:** Karsten Nysom (karsten.nysom@regionh.dk) and Bodil Als-Nielsen (bodil.elise.thorhauge.als-nielsen@regionh.dk)
- **Sweden:** Jan-Inge Henter (jan-inge.henter@ki.se), Désirée Gavhed (desiree.gavhed@ki.se), and applied for: Tatiana Greenwood (tatiana.greenwood@ki.se)
- Norway: Monica Munthe-Kaas (uxmomu@ous-hf.no) and Bem Zeller (bzeller@ous-hf.no)

At cut-off date 31st December 2021:

- 24 countries participating
- Total accrual n=1719, accrual 2021 n=278
- Of total accrual, enrolled patients Sweden n=46, Denmark n=46 and Norway n=29
- For treatment Stratum I-VII following was reported, as per 31st Dec 2021:
 - o STRATUM I: First-Line Treatment
 - Group 1: n = 422, whereof RO+LCH n=125. Randomised 85%. Deaths n = 5
 - Group 2: n = 545, whereof CNS-risk lesion n = 299. Randomised 93%
 - o STRATUM II: Second Line Treatment, RO- LCH n =159. Randomised 86%
 - o STRATUM III: Salvage Treatment for RO+ LCH n = 17
 - o STRATUM IV: Stem Cell Transplantation for Risk LCH n = 0
 - o STRATUM V: Isolated CNS tumorous n = 10 and ND CNS-LCH n = 10
 - o STRATUM VI: Natural History and Management of "Other" SS-LCH n = 752
 - o STRATUM VII: Long-Term Follow-up

Recruitment is slower than expected. For Stratum I it will take another 2-3 years. Final sample size of 400 randomised patients for Stratum I group 2 has been reached, but much follow-up data is missing that is necessary to reach study endpoint of reactivation rates. For Stratum II, the new randomization sample of 100 patients should be reached during 2022. For Stratum III, it is considered feasible to reach the planned 30 patients.

NOTE: The current protocol version is 1.6.

HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS (HLH):

HLH-94: The Histiocyte Society protocol HLH-94 was based on the combination of chemotherapy and immunotherapy (VP-16, steroids and cyclosporin A), followed by HSCT. This protocol was succeeded by the HLH-2004 protocol. The final HLH-94 study summary was published in 2011 (**Trottestam H, et al.** Blood 2011;118:4577-84).

HLH-2004: This study was opened in January 2004 and closed for recruitment Dec 31, 2011. The results are presented in:

- Bergsten E, Horne A, Hed Myrberg I, Arico M, Astigarraga I, Ishii E, et al. Stem cell transplantation for children with hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis: results from the HLH-2004 study. Blood advances. 2020;4(15):3754-66.
- Bergsten E, Horne A, Arico M, Astigarraga I, Egeler RM, Filipovich AH, et al. Confirmed efficacy of etoposide and dexamethasone in HLH treatment: Long term results of the cooperative HLH-2004 study. Blood. 2017;130:2728-2738.

NOTE: The Histiocyte Society recommends the HLH-94 protocol as standard of care, but with the HLH-2004 diagnostic criteria (5/8 criteria).

There is no new international treatment study on HLH planned.

HLH Registry: In preparing for a new international HLH study an HLH Registry is open for (1) all patients with primary immunodeficiencies predisposing to HLH, and (2) patients with active HLH that is not secondary to underlying conditions such as rheumatological disease, malignancy, metabolic disease or Leishmania infection. The study center is in Germany, and a nation-wide ethical application has been approved in Sweden. The study objectives include to:

- Collect data relevant for the assessment of feasibility and design of future interventional studies on the treatment of HLH, and the international patient recruitment potential for a future trial
- Collect data on current standard of care, time to transplant, and outcome after 1 year

In case of clinical questions you are welcome to contact <u>Jan-Inge.Henter@ki.se</u> or <u>Tatiana.Greenwood@ki.se</u>.

For diagnostic pre-treatment lymphocyte function (cytotoxicity) analyses, contact <u>Yenan.Bryceson@ki.se</u> at Karolinska Institutet. For sequencing of HLH-causing genes, you can contact <u>BiancaTesi@ki.se</u> at the clinical genetic laboratory at the Karolinska University Hospital.

NOPHO Histio represented in other European and International Histiocytosis consortiums:

ECHO – European Consortium for Histiocytosis

Jan-Inge Henter, Tatiana von Bahr Greenwood, Magdalini Lourda (Sweden)

Karsten Nysom and Daniel el Fassi (Denmark)

Monica Cheng Munthe-Kaas (Norway)

Jelena Rascon (Lithuania)

Zhanna Kovalova (Latvia)

- ECHO Annual Meeting (hybrid) October 15-16, 2021, Athens
- Ongoing relevant studies in ECHO
 - o EU Series/ targeted therapy in LCH Histiocytosis Jean Donadieau, France Results being analyzed
 - o Mutant BRAF allele load in circulating cell lineages in histiocytic disorders/LCH Elena Sieni,

- Italy, and Astrid van Halteren, Netherlands. Enrollment ongoing.
- o Clinicogenomic associations in LCH Astrid van Halteren. Study closed. In manuscript. Collaboration with Histiocyte Society/LCH-IV.
- Newly formed **Working Group on Histiocytoses in Adulthood** had a virtual kick-off meeting February 17, 2022. Chair: Polyzois Makras: makras@internet.gr
- Next meeting at the Annual Meeting of Histiocyte Society 2022 in Stockholm.

Histiocyte Society

- 37th Virtual Annual Meeting of the Histiocyte Society October 11-12, 2021. For all meeting abstracts see: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/pbc.29453
- Ongoing studies
 - o See Histiocyte Society website: www.histiocytesociety.org

38th Annual Meeting of the Histiocyte Society September 18-20, 2022

Thrombosis and Haemostasis Working Group

Chair Susanna Ranta (SE)

Denmark Birgitte Klug Albertsen, Marianne Hutchings Hoffmann, Ruta Tuckuviene

Estonia Kadri Saks
Finland Pasi Huttunen
Iceland Ólafur Gislí Jonsson

Latvia Žanna Kovalova, Anna Valaine (joined 2021)

Lithuania Sonata Saulyte Trakymiene

Norway Ellen Ruud

Sweden Tony Frisk, Nadine Gretenkort Andersson, Ulf Tedgård *honor member*Young NOPHO Kirsten Jarvis (NO), Cecilie Utke Rank (DK), and Satu Långström (FI)
Other active participants: Merete Dam, Mette Tiedeman Skipper, Liv Andrès-Jensen, Line Stensig

Lynggård, Lovisa Malmqvist

Goals of the Thrombosis and Haemostasis Working Group (TEWG):

- TE WG is a forum for clinical discussions and contributes to consultation networks
- TE WG creates clinical guidelines on coagulation for NOPHO members
- At least two-yearly meetings
- The group is a forum for presentation on ongoing studies within the field and contributes to scientific collaboration. The main focus of the research is ALL-related coagulopathy. The group registers data on thrombosis during ALLTogether protocol to be used in creating guidelines and support scientific studie

Meetings: The group met virtually on the 12^{th} February 2021 and September 3^{rd} 2021. The next meeting is planned March the 11^{th} 2022 via zoom.

The TE WG has under 2021 assessed the different routines on hemostasis between ALLTogether treatment centers by a questionnaire via RedCap (Nadine Gretenkort Andersson and Susanna Ranta) 17 pediatric and 12 adult oncology centers responded the survey (Table 1). Most centers test for hemostasis at diagnosis. Only 5/17 pediatric centers use or plan to use thromboprophylaxis in high-risk patients, whereas all but one adult center used thromboprophylaxis either routinely or to high-risk patients. None of the centers used NOACs.

Seven pediatric centers determine antithrombin activity routinely in connection to asparaginase. Six pediatric centers substitute low antithrombin levels in all or selected patients without thrombosis (threshold for substitution 30 -75%), while nine centers give antithrombin to patients with thrombosis and low antithrombin. Seven pediatric centers follow fibrinogen levels under asparaginase, 10 substitute selected patients with low Fibrinogen to prevent bleeds.

Table 1. Survey on clinical praxis and hemostasis during ALLTogether treatment

| | Pediatric centers (n=17) | Adult centers (n=12) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Routine laboratory assessment of hemostasis | | |
| At diagnosis | 17 | 12 |
| After diagnosis | 10 | 7 |
| Thromboprophylaxis | | |
| All patients | 0 | 7 |
| Selected high-risk patients | 4 | 4 |
| Follow-up of antithrombin after diagnosis | | |
| All patients | 7 | 3 |
| Selected patients | 5 | 3 |
| Not performed | 5 | 6 |
| Prophylactic antithrombin used to prevent DVT | | |
| All patients | 2 | 1 |
| Selected patients | 4 | 1 |
| Not given | 10 | 10 |
| Antithrombin replacement used after DVT | | |
| All patients | 4 | 3 |
| Selected patients | 5 | 2 |
| Follow-up of Fibrinogen after diagnosis | | |
| All patients | 7 | 5 |
| Not performed | 10 | 7 |
| Prophylactic fibrinogen replacement to prevent bleeds | | |
| All patients | 4 | 2 |
| Selected patients | 6 | 5 |
| Not given | 5 | 5 |

Doctoral projects:

- a) Doctoral thesis "Common Genetic Variation and Thromboembolism in Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia" Kirsten Jarvis (main supervisor Ellen Ruud). Dissertation on January the 28th, 2021.
- b) **NOPHO post thrombotic syndrome study** Merete Eybye Dam (main supervisor Birgitte Klug Albertsen). Ongoing study.
 - The study aims to describe incidence and severity grade of PTS among children and adults, to identify risk factors for PTS and to evaluate QoL after DVT or PE.
- c) **NOPHO cerebral sinovenous thrombosis study** Mette Skipper (main supervisor Birgitte Klug Albertsen) Ongoing study.
 - The study explores the safety of asparaginase re-exposure, clinical decision making of asparaginase re-exposure and outcome after re-exposure. Manuscript has been submitted.
- d) **Coagulation disturbances during ALLTogether** Lovisa Malmqvist (main supervisor Mats Heyman). Planned to start 2022.
 - The study explores coagulation disturbances during early ALLTogether treatment in Sweden using global hemostasis analyses, microvesicles and proteomics.

Other ongoing projects:

a) Registration of thromboses.

NOPHOs Scientific committee has approved to register details on TE within ALLTogether, in NOPHO countries; registration is open in Sweden, Denmark, Island, Lithuania and Norway; Finland is waiting for ethical approval, while the ALLTogether protocol has not been initiated in Estonia or Latvia yet.

b) **NOPHO CSF Asparaginase study** (Birgitte Klug Albertsen)

The aim of the study is to correlate plasma asparaginase enzyme activity with CSF asparaginase levels and CSF MRD flow. The secondary aim is to measure thrombotic markers in the CSF and in blood for CSVT prediction.

c) Endothelial markers and risk of thrombosis (Liv Andres-Jensen)

A study proposal on prospective endothelial dysfunction study with aim to assess endothelial markers and their association with various toxicities including TE. The study would use the same samples that are sent to assess ASP activity.

d) **Swedish cohort study on ALLTogether toxicity** (Susanna Ranta)

Sweden is collecting data on early toxicity in ALLTogether protocol including hemostatic complications.

Collaboration outside NOPHO

TE in ponte di Legno (pDL)/ I-BFM. TE is the toxicity of interest in pDL, NOPHO Thrombosis and Haemostasis working group will provide data to the study.

Publications on coagulation involving the NOPHO Thrombosis and Haemostasis Working Group members from 2021

- a) Lynggaard LS, Rank CU, Hansen SN, Gottschalk Højfeldt S, Henriksen LT, Jarvis KB, Ranta S, Niinimäki R, Harila-Saari A, Wolthers BO, Frandsen TL, Heyman M, Schmiegelow K, Albertsen BK. Asparaginase Enzyme Activity Levels and Toxicity in Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: a NOPHO ALL2008 study. Blood Adv. 2021 Epub ahead of print.
- b) Andrés-Jensen L, Grell K, Rank CU, Albertsen BK, Tuckuviene R, Linnemann Nielsen R, Lynggaard LS, Jarvis KB, Quist-Paulsen P, Trakymiene SS, Semaškevičienė R, Saks K, Jonsson OG, Frandsen TL, Johansson PI, Schmiegelow K. Endothelial dysfunction and thromboembolism in children, adolescents, and young adults with acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Leukemia. 2022;36(2):361-369.
- c) Jarvis KB, Andersson NG, Giertz M, Järvelä L, Lindinger O, Långström S, Niinimäki R, Palmu S, Trakymiene SS, Tuckuviene R, Vepsäläinen K, Ranta S, Frisk T. Asymptomatic Right Atrial Thrombosis After Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Treatment. J Pediatr Hematol Oncol. 2021;43(4):e564-e566

Stockholm February 2022

Susanna Ranta Chair of the NOPHO Thrombosis and Haemostasis Working Group

Late Effect Working Group

Chair Riitta Niinimäki

Denmark Catherine Rechnitzer

Katja Majlund Harder

Finland Mervi Taskinen

Kirsi Jahnukainen

Iceland Halldora Thorarinsdottir

Solveig Hafsteindottir

Latvia Elizabete Cebura

Norway Inga Maria Johannsdottir

Einar Stensvold

Sweden Cecilia Petersen

Aron Onerup

NOPHO leukaemia registry Mats Heyman (SE)

Young NOPHO Gitte Vrelits Sorensen (DK)

Jan Bernd Stukenborg (SE)

Liisa Järvelä (FI)

Monika Kapitančukė (LT) Pauliina Utriainen (FI) Simon Kranz (NO)

Thorgerdur Gudmundsdottir (IC)

The group had three virtual meetings in 2021: 12th of January, 27th of May and 3rd of November.

The main focus areas of the group are late effects related to the cancer treatment and long-term follow-up clinics in NOPHO countries.

Long-term follow-up (LTFU) clinics in NOPHO countries

The goal of the LE WG is that the collaboration between LTFU clinics in NOPHO countries will increase both clinically and scientifically.

Pancare activities

Pancare organised two online Pancare meetings: 19th of May and 8th of October.

Collaboration with NOBOS

Collaboration with NOBOS is ongoing and the LE WG meetings are joint meetings.

Ongoing or planned late effects studies in Nordic countries (presented in the meetings)

- Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Survivor Trial and Rehabilitation (ALL-STAR) study in Denmark (Liv Andrés-Jensen)
- Psychosocial Survey in the Nordic ALLStar project (Päivi Lähteenmäki)
- HALLON study, late effects in ALL2008 HR chemo patients (Liisa Järvelä)

- NORDFERTIL (Jan Bernd Stukenborg)
- Osteonecrosis in patients with Hodgkin lymphoma in Sweden, Finland and Denmark 2005-2019 (Mia Giertz/Henri Aarnivala)
- NOPHO study on re-exposure to asparaginase after cerebral sinus venosus thrombosis (Mette Skipper)
- Post-thrombotic syndrome after deep venous thrombosis and sequalae after pulmonary embolism in association with treatment on the NOPHO ALL2008 protocol (Merete Dam)
- Childhood acute lymphoblastic leukaemia relapse detection and possible effect on prognosis: a Nordic population-based cohort study (Karen Jensen)
- A study proposal on ALLTogether follow-up guidelines (Karen Jensen)
- NORDfertil project (Jan-Bernd Stukenborg)
- Questionnaire for updating the situation of fertility preservation options in Nordic countries (Babak Asadi)

The common NOPHO follow-up guidelines after ALLTogether treatment

The group has an ungergoing project to update guidelines for the follow-up after ALL treatment.

Next short meeting will be in May 2022. Next full-day meeting will be 10th of January 2023 in Helsinki.

Oulu, February 2022

Riitta Niinimäki Chair of the NOPHO Late Effect working group

Red Cell Disorders Working Group

Chair Ulf Tedgård (SE) 2012. Annika Mårtensson new from 2022. **Denmark** Birgitte Lausen, Mimi Kjærsgaard, Pernille Wendtland Edslev

Finland Kirsi Jahnukainen, Nina Valtanen

Iceland Ólafur G. Jónsson

Norway Anne Grete Bechensteen, Einar Stensvold Sweden Annika Mårtensson, Magnus Göransson

Young NOPHO Audrone Muleviciene (LT), Szymon Klafkowski (NO)

Associated members: Jan-Inge Henter (SE), Rolf Ljung (SE), Niels Clausen(DK), Marit Hellebostad (NO)

Associated members from adult hematology: Honar Cherif (SE), Christian Kjellander (SE), Ulla Wartiovaara-Kautto (FI), Andreas Birkedal Glenthøj (DK), Nina Haagenrud Schultz (NO)

Meetings

The group usually has one physical meeting a year but due to the pandemic there has been no such meeting since January 2020. There has instead been Teams-meetings 8th of April 2021, 16th of September 2021, 20th of January 2022 and 31st of March 2022. Minutes from the meetings are available at the NOPHO web page. Adult hematologists are participating at the meetings.

What has happened during 2021

At the latest meeting the 31st of March Annika Mårtensson, Sweden was appointed new chairman of the working group.

During 2021 most work has focused on the registry for transfusion dependent anemias. What was previously named the Nordic Transfusion Registry (NTR) has been moved to INCA (Information-sNätverk för CAncervården) and became a Swedish quality registry named "VPH registret" instead (VPH=Vårdplaneringsgruppen för Pediatrisk hematologi) as it will only involve Swedish patients. The variables in the VPH registry are based on variables in the European registry RADeep which is under construction but still not in final. Peter Priftakis and Ulf Tedgård has together with Tai Wai Cheng and Johan Ivarsson from INCA had monthly contact with the group from RADeep to develop the new platform. New variables have been added to RADeep so that also patients with DBA and spehorcytosis can be included.

The VPH registry is open for registrations since October 2021. The following transfusion dependent anemias can be registered: Thalassemia major and intermedia, SCD (even those without regular transfusions), DBA (even those on steroid treatment without regular transfusions), Enzymopathies (PKD particularly) and Other (Hereditary Spherocytosis and even cases without diagnosis who are on regular transfusions).

Research regarding data in the VPH registry can be made on patients who have given informed consent to export of data to NOPHO-Care. NOPHO-Care is approved by the ethics committee (EPN) and is now also approved for including adult patients. NOPHO-Care Informed consent is available for different ages, parents, and adults, but not in different languages. Peter Priftakis and Ulf Tedgård have participated in the Swedish Childhood Cancer Registry meetings.

Export of data from NOPHO-Care to the European registry RADeep is still under discussion.

Norway, Finland and Denmark will not be able to report to the Swedish VPH registry as it is a quality registry only for Swedish patients. After informed consent data can be exported to NOPHO care so that data for all of NOPHO can be collected. The same goes for RADeep as the variables and specifications are the same as in RADeep making it easy to export data to this European collaboration as long as the patient/caretaker has signed the Informed Consent Form.

Norway are working on their registry and use the same variables as in RADeep and VPH registry. In Finland there is still some uncertainties regarding the legal rules for a national registry. Helsinki is now a member of EuroBloodNet making it hopefully easier to export to RADeep, but the authorities have strict rules for export of data.

For more information regarding EuroBloodNet, ENROL and RADeep, see these internet pages: http://eurobloodnet.eu/, http://eurobloodnet.eu/enrol/, www.radeepnetwork.eu

"Nordic blood disorders forum" has had regular meetings on Teams during 2021 for discussion about difficult cases, where the input from adult hematologists has been of great value.

For the coming year we hope to get registrations going in Sweden, that the rest of the Nordic countries will follow and that it will be possible to have a physical meeting.

Lund, March 2022 Ulf Tedgård Outgoing chairman of the NOPHO Red Cell Disorders Working Group

NOPHO Radiotherapy Working Group

The group was joined by a new representative from Estonia: Aidi Adamson Raieste and Finland: Sirpa-Liisa Lahtela. We are also looking forward to soon welcome a new member from Latvia.

Radiotherapy wise there is the impression that all modern photon and proton radiotherapy techniques and also brachytherapy and stereotactic radiotherapy are available in the NOPHO countries. The proton center in Uppsala (Skandion clinic) and in Aarhus (DCPT) are accepting patients from other countries. Norway is building two new proton therapy facilities that will become operational in 2024.

We had one virtual meeting in spring 2021 and a virtual scientific day in autumn 2021. At the working group meeting Maja Maraldo gave us an update on "The Teddi Protocol" and we also discussed radiotherapy in infants. Petter Brandal is working together with SIOP Europe on this subject. The scientific day was about "management of the vertebral spine in pediatric radiotherapy for paravertebral and craniospinal irradiations". We had Dr. Bianca Hoeben from Utrecht as a guest lecturer and also interactive contouring and dose planning discussions.

The working group's project concerning interobserver variability in target delineation and doseplanning for childhood ependymoma has been presented at several conferences and was published in Acta Oncologica. (https://doi.org/10.1080/0284186X.2021.2022202).

The Swedish Pediatric Radiotherapy Group has updated their guidelines on reirradiation, the updated version will be sent to the NOPHO website.

We organised a course on "Pediatric Radiotherapy for Pediatric Oncologists" as a "lunch to lunch Young NOPHO Educational Day". It was first planned to be held in November 2021 in combination with a NOPHO Course in Copenhagen, but as this course became a virtual course due to the pandemic and our course was depending on "hands on" teaching sessions, we decided to combine it with the Solid Tumour course in Oslo in April 2022. The course was held on 1st/2nd of April 2022 and was a combination of classical lectures and workshop discussions in small groups. The faculty was formed by members of the working group. The onsite feedback from the participants was very positive and we are now waiting for the feedback in form of a digital questionnairy, once this will be evaluated, we will see if we will continue with this course in this form as part of the NOPHO Curriculum for pediatric oncologists.

Participants from the working group have participated in other NOPHO working groups, like the brain tumour group, the solid tumour group and the late effect group.

Yasmin Lassen Chair for the NOPHO Radiotherapy Working Group

NOPHO/NOBOS Working Group on Ethics (WGE)

Chair Cecilia Bartoldson, elected 2022
Secretary Gitte Petersen, elected 2022

Denmark Astrid Sehested

Pernille Wendtland Edsley

Finland Marika Grönroos

Kristian Juusola Johanna Viitanen

Iceland Sigrún Þóroddsdóttir

Norway Grete Ringheim

Anne Gro Wesenberg Rognlien

Sweden Johan Arvidson

Anders Castor Frans Nilsson Pernilla Pergert Jennie Stigmar Lisa Törnudd

The intention of the NOPHO/NOBOS Working Group on Ethics (WGE) is to support the knowledge in ethics and promote clinical ethics support (CES) in paediatric oncology as well as identifying and raising ethical questions within the field.

The working group is the first joint working group with members from both NOPHO and NOBOS. All members are expected to be active. The newest NOPHO-member, Lithuania, is not yet represented in the group but hopefully this will change during the next year.

Completed meetings of the WGE

14-15 Mar 2022, Sweden

Upcoming meetings of the WGE

The group plans to have one 4-day meeting in the fall 2022 and one 3-day meeting in the spring 2023. 9-12 Oct, 2022, Norway 26-28 Mar 2023, Sweden

Completed course arranged by the WGE

Due to restrictions in both travel and meeting the second part of the course "Guiding Ethics Case Reflection Rounds" had to be postponed. To support the participants the group has instead organized other activities, such as a virtual ethics reflection to inspire, support and present tools for facilitating ethics case reflection rounds in a virtual setting.

Upcoming course arranged by the WGE

27-29 Apr 2022, Guiding Ethics Case Reflection Rounds, adjusted part II.

Due to the repeated postponement of the second part of the course and the long time that has passed since part I, the course has been adjusted to include more repetition and also to accommodate participants taking the course for the first time.

Funding

Pergert (co-applicant: Castor) has received a grant for the WGE for 2018-2020 (PL2017-0002) from the Swedish Childhood Cancer Foundation. Since most activities budgeted for in 2020 and 2021 have been postponed, an application to extend the grant to include 2021 has been approved and an application to also include 2022 has been sent.

Annual Report 2021

The work in the group has continued to suffer from the restrictions due to the pandemic. Many or most hospitals have had strict rules on meeting time and the group has not been able to effectively meet in larger scale, even virtually. The members, however, inspired and enabled by their participation in the WGE, has continued to work in ethics locally to the extent this has been possible and approved.

The local CES projects performed by members includes: organizing and facilitating ECR rounds on several levels in the healthcare structure; arranging and contributing to ethical education of healthcare professionals and students; serving as members on national, regional and local ethics committees or societies; preforming and contributing to research projects. Members of the group has also been available to provide support for the facilitator trained in the courses of 2017-2018 and 2019.

At the International Conference on Clinical Ethics and Consultation (ICCEC) hosted in South Africa, members of the group had no less than three oral presentations that were delivered via video

Presentations on ethics at international conferences from the group or with group members as co-authors during 2021

- ICCEC 2021, hybrid/Stellenbosch, South Africa, Nov 30-Dec 3, 2021
 - o Pergert, P., Bartholdson, C., af Sandeberg, M., "Context-specific Situations Important to Capture Moral Distress A National Cross-Sectional Study in Paediatric Oncology.
 - o Törnudd, L., & Bartholdson, C. "Patients on Social Media Supportive Guidelines For an Ethical And Legal Approach"
 - o Bartholdson, C., af Sandeberg, M., Molewijk, B., Pergert, P., "Perceptions of Ethical Decision Making in Relation to Participation/Non participation in Ethics Case Reflection Rounds Among Healthcare Professional Caring for Children with Cancer"

Publications on ethics from the group or with group members as co-authors, Original articles 2021

- 1. Weiner C, **Pergert P**, Molewijk B, **Castor A**, **Bartholdson C** (2021) Perceptions of important outcomes of ethics case reflection rounds: a qualitative study among healthcare professionals in childhood cancer care. BMC Medical Ethics.22:(27)
- 2. Bartholdson C, af Sandeberg M, Molewijk B, Pergert P (2021) Does participation in ethics discussions have in impact on ethics decision making? A cross-sectional study among healthcare professionals in paediatric oncology. EJON. (52):101950
- **3. Bartholdson C**, Billstein I, **Pergert P**, Molewijk B (nd) Healthcare professionals 'perceptions of ethics case reflection rounds before implementation A national quantitative study in paediatric oncology. Submitted
- 4. Weiner C, **Pergert P**, Castor A, Molewijk B, **Bartholdson C** (nd). Difficult situations and moral questions raised during moral case deliberations in Swedish childhood cancer care a qualitative nationwide overview. Submitted

Publications

NOPHO Publications

Publications based on cooperative projects within NOPHO.

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